1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
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3	STONERIDGE INVESTMENT :
4	PARTNERS, LLC, :
5	Petitioner :
6	v. : No. 06-43
7	SCIENTIFIC-ATLANTA, INC., :
8	ET AL. :
9	x
LO	Washington, D.C.
L1	Tuesday, October 9, 2007
L2	
L3	The above-entitled matter came on for oral
L4	argument before the Supreme Court of the United States
L5	at 11:00 a.m.
L6	APPEARANCES:
L7	STANLEY M. GROSSMAN, ESQ., New York, N.Y.; on
L8	behalf of the Petitioner
L9	STEPHEN M. SHAPIRO, ESQ., Chicago, Ill.; on
20	behalf of Respondents
21	THOMAS G. HUNGAR, ESQ., Deputy Solicitor General,
22	Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.; on behalf of
23	the United States, as amicus curiae, supporting
24	Respondents.
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1	CONTENTS	
2	ORAL ARGUMENT OF	PAGE
3	STANLEY M. GROSSMAN, ESQ.	
4	On behalf of the Petitioner	3
5	STEPHEN M. SHAPIRO, ESQ.	
6	On behalf of the Respondents	26
7	THOMAS G. HUNGAR, ESQ.	
8	On behalf of the United States, as amicus	
9	curiae, supporting Respondents	47
10	REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF	
11	STANLEY M. GROSSMAN, ESQ.	
12	On behalf of the Petitioner	57
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(11:00 a.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear argument
4	next in Case 06-43, Stoneridge Investment Partners v.
5	Scientific-Atlanta et al.
6	Mr. Grossman.
7	ORAL ARGUMENT OF STANLEY GROSSMAN
8	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
9	MR. GROSSMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chief Justice,
10	and may it please the Court:
11	The text of Section 10(b) as well as the
12	Rule 10b-5 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange
13	Commission prohibit the use of any deceptive device by
14	any person, indirectly or indirectly, in connection with
15	the purchase or sale of a security. The various
16	deceptive devices used by the Respondents in this case
17	is conduct that is squarely covered by the text of the
18	statute and by the rule.
19	Respondents here were not passive bystanders
20	facilitating a fraud by Charter. Their deceptive
21	conduct was integral to the scheme to create fictitious
22	advertising revenues for Charter to report to investors.
23	Respondents agreed to overcharge Charter so
24	that they could receive the money from Charter to then
25	return to it for the advertising, using Charter's very

- 1 same money for the purchase of the advertising.
- 2 Respondent Scientific-Atlantic created a document
- 3 falsely claiming that the reason for the increased
- 4 payments from Charter were because of increased
- 5 manufacturing expenses.
- 6 JUSTICE KENNEDY: The transaction was not
- 7 wholly without benefit to Scientific-Atlantic. They got
- 8 some advertising. And it was not wholly without benefit
- 9 to Charter. They were able to show that advertising
- 10 works. Now, that puts aside the fact that they were
- 11 using misleading accounting principles.
- MR. GROSSMAN: Well, I would agree, Your
- 13 Honor, that they received free advertising. But the
- 14 problem was that they were creating the illusion that it
- wasn't free advertising, but rather that they were
- 16 purchasing the advertising.
- 17 JUSTICE GINSBURG: And was the price four to
- 18 five times higher than the normal rates for advertising?
- 19 MR. GROSSMAN: That is correct, Justice
- 20 Ginsburg.
- 21 And the obvious purpose for creating the
- 22 illusion that they were purchasing the advertising
- 23 rather than receiving free advertising was so that
- 24 Charter can incorporate these increased revenues in
- 25 their financial statements. And Respondents understood,

- 1 they understood that in order to, for Charter to pass
- 2 this by their accountants, to deceive the accountants --
- 3 and this is reflected in the indictment -- in order to
- 4 deceive the accountants for Charter, the Respondents
- 5 were told that there had to be separate agreements for
- 6 both the advertising agreements and the purchase
- 7 agreements.
- 8 JUSTICE SCALIA: Mr. Grossman, is there any
- 9 reason why, in principle, the elements for a cause of
- 10 action under 10b-5 have to be the same as the elements
- 11 for a cause of action by the agency under 10b? I mean,
- 12 we, we created this, this cause of action. It's not set
- 13 forth in the statute, although other private causes of
- 14 action are.
- 15 If it's our creation, couldn't we sensibly
- 16 limit it so that, for example, schemes can be attacked
- 17 by the SEC, but schemes do not form the basis for
- 18 private attorney general's actions? You need actual
- 19 conveyance of a misrepresentation to the injured party.
- 20 Is there any reason why we couldn't do that?
- 21 MR. GROSSMAN: Well, I think there are two
- 22 reasons, Your Honor. The first is that at this point in
- 23 time -- I think as the Court recognizes in Dura fairly
- 24 recently, that when Congress enacted the Private
- 25 Security Law Reform Act, that at that time they accepted

- 1 the private right of action that this Court had
- 2 previously inferred. And this Court had previously
- 3 inferred the private right of action not only for the
- 4 section but each of the rules in Section 10(b).
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: But it's not like
- 6 under the Sherman Act, where we have reason to think
- 7 Congress intended the Court to go about the business of
- 8 construing and developing antitrust law. In fact, they
- 9 are kind of taken over for us. They are imposing
- 10 certain limits on when actions can be brought, proposing
- 11 specific elements. In one of the provision, 20(e),
- 12 specifying SEC can bring an action but private investors
- 13 can't.
- I mean, we don't get in this business of
- 15 implying private rights of action any more. And isn't
- 16 the effort by Congress to legislate a good signal that
- 17 they have kind of picked up the ball and they are
- 18 running with it and we shouldn't?
- 19 MR. GROSSMAN: Well, this Court, Your Honor,
- 20 as recently as 2002 in Wharf (Holdings) said there is a
- 21 private right of action for violation of any of the
- 22 subdivisions of Rule 10b-5: A, B, or C. That would
- 23 have to be reversed.
- 24 Going back to the Superintendent of
- 25 Insurance case in, in -- that would be in 1971, Your

- 1 Honor, the Court held there was a private right of
- 2 action for violation of --
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, that's kind of
- 4 my point. We did that sort of thing in 1971. We
- 5 haven't done it for quite sometime.
- 6 MR. GROSSMAN: Well, when Congress enacted
- 7 the Private Security Law Reform Act, everything it did
- 8 in connection with that statute was directed to the
- 9 private right of action that this Court had previously
- 10 implied under 10(b). Nothing that Congress did was
- 11 intended in any way --
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I'm not -- my
- 13 suggestion is not that we should go back and say that
- 14 there is no private right of action. My suggestion is
- 15 that we should get out of the business of expanding it,
- 16 because Congress has taken over and is legislating in
- 17 the area in the way they weren't back when we implied
- 18 the right of action under 10(b).
- MR. GROSSMAN: I would agree, Congress has
- 20 taken over. When they enacted the Private Security Law
- 21 Reform Act, they recognized this private right of
- 22 action. Everything they did recognized the private
- 23 right of action. It recognized that there would be
- 24 multiple primary violators of 10(b). It did that in
- 25 connection with proportionate liability provisions. It

- 1 recognized that there would be multiple players.
- 2 So certainly, Congress had an understanding
- 3 of what this Court had done up until that time. And
- 4 this Court up until that time had implied the private
- 5 right of action for every subset of Rule 10b-5.
- 6 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Is it -- is it a
- 7 necessary part of your theory that the deceptive
- 8 practice that Scientific-Atlantic went in, that they
- 9 knew that that was also -- that Charter would carry that
- 10 forward? I mean, let's suppose that there were benefits
- 11 to this deceptive practice to Scientific-Atlantic, that
- 12 it looked like it had more money to spend on advertising
- 13 than it really did, but they didn't care what Charter
- 14 did with it. In fact, they didn't know that Charter was
- 15 going to carry it on its books the way they did. Would
- 16 there still be liability for Scientific-Atlantic?
- 17 MR. GROSSMAN: No. No, not under the test
- 18 that we have proposed, which is very similar to the test
- 19 proposed by the Ninth Circuit or applied in the Ninth
- 20 Circuit in the Simpson case, and the test proposed by
- 21 the Securities and Exchange Commission in their amicus
- 22 brief submitted in the Simpson case. It's not enough
- 23 just to have the deceptive act. The deceptive act for
- 24 scheme liability has to be with the purpose of
- 25 furthering a scheme to defraud its investors.

- 1 So if Scientific-Atlanta or Motorola had
- 2 engaged in deceptive conduct, but that deceptive conduct
- 3 was not intended to further a scheme to defraud the
- 4 shareholders, no, Your Honor, there would be no action
- 5 under the theory that we are pursuing here.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Intended or known? I mean,
- 7 I don't see -- what's in it for Scientific-Atlantic to
- 8 defraud the shareholders? Is it enough that they just
- 9 knew it would be used for that purpose?
- 10 MR. GROSSMAN: Oh, it would be enough if
- 11 they committed a deceptive act and they knew it was in
- 12 furtherance of a scheme.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Well, when you say "in
- 14 furtherance of, " you -- you import intent. They didn't
- 15 care what Charter was going to do with it, but they
- 16 pretty well knew that what Charter was going to do was
- 17 to make its books look better.
- 18 Would that be enough?
- 19 MR. GROSSMAN: I think that would be
- 20 reckless.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: That's what I thought your
- 22 position was.
- MR. GROSSMAN: Yes, but my position is also
- 24 --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Not an intent necessarily.

- 1 It's just knowledge.
- 2 MR. GROSSMAN: You certainly needs scienter.
- 3 You certainly need scienter.
- 4 JUSTICE SOUTER: It's more than knowledge.
- 5 You mentioned recklessness. It's got to have either
- 6 knowledge of or a willingness to maintain indifference
- 7 to the consequence.
- 8 MR. GROSSMAN: Exactly right, Justice
- 9 Souter. And I think it's important -- and there is,
- 10 there is a very good discussion of this in the Simpson
- 11 case by the Ninth Circuit, that the purpose of the test
- 12 is such that it will not ensnare someone who does engage
- in a deceptive act but doesn't understand that the
- 14 reason for it is to further a scheme.
- 15 JUSTICE SCALIA: Sure. After trial -- you
- 16 know, after trial which causes your stock to tank, you
- 17 may indeed be able to show that you didn't know it was
- 18 going to be used for that purpose. I mean, that's what
- 19 this is all about, isn't it, getting it -- getting it by
- 20 the summary judgment stage?
- 21 MR. GROSSMAN: No. I think, Your Honor,
- 22 that this Court answered this last term in the Tellabs
- 23 case. And Congress answered that question that you pose
- 24 in the PSLRA, the Private Security Law Reform Act, so
- 25 that you cannot just bring a case and hope to get it by

- 1 the summary judgment stage. You have to have
- 2 particularized facts alleged under the heightened
- 3 pleading standards of the PSLRA and this Court's
- 4 decision in Tellabs showing that not only the deceptive
- 5 act, but that the purpose of that deceptive act was to
- 6 further a scheme. So, no, you can't~--
- 7 JUSTICE SCALIA: What facts -- what has to
- 8 be alleged short of -- on information and belief the
- 9 Defendant knew that -- that this information would
- 10 appear on the balance sheets and be used to improve the
- 11 status of the stock?
- MR. GROSSMAN: Well, of course if you just
- 13 -- if you just allege it on information and belief,
- 14 you're out of court. No doubt about that. That doesn't
- 15 pass the heightened pleading standard in Tellabs and the
- 16 PSLRA. What you do need is what we have here. Here you
- 17 have allegations -- and we didn't make these allegations
- 18 from whole court -- these allegations were derived
- 19 principally from the grand jury -- the Federal grand
- 20 jury indictment against Charter executives. That
- 21 indictment says that Respondents were informed and
- 22 ordered to deceive Charter's accountants. They had to
- 23 have --
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Why shouldn't we be
- 25 guided by what Congress did in the action to the Central

- 1 Bank case? There we said there's no aiding and abetting
- 2 liability, Congress amended the statute in 20(e) to say
- 3 yes, there is, but private plaintiffs can't sue on that
- 4 basis. Why shouldn't that inform how we further develop
- 5 the private action under 10b-5?
- 6 MR. GROSSMAN: Well, I think if Congress
- 7 intended under 20(e) -- certainly the private action is
- 8 similar to this -- it would have said that only the SEC
- 9 has the authority to bring a claim for substantial
- 10 assistance whether or not it involves deceptive conduct.
- 11 They could have very easily said any deceptive conduct,
- 12 and that would have barred these claims. They chose not
- 13 to do that.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: But they were --
- 15 they were addressing a very specific decision from this
- 16 Court, the Central Bank decision. And the one thing
- 17 they did not do was say that that decision was wrong
- 18 with respect to private -- or going forward they weren't
- 19 going to overrule that decision with respect to private
- 20 rights of action. You're asking us to extend to non --
- 21 I know you call it a primary violator, but not the
- 22 person who --
- MR. GROSSMAN: Secondary actors.
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: -- who put the
- 25 deceptive conduct into the market. You're asking us to

- 1 extend that liability to, them which seems inconsistent
- 2 with Congress' approach in 20(e).
- 3 MR. GROSSMAN: We are not asking any
- 4 extension. Quite the contrary, Your Honor. I think
- 5 that's the Respondents who are asking for narrowing.
- 6 When Congress addressed the PSLRA it addressed all of
- 7 the arguments that we are hearing today from Respondents
- 8 and their amici.
- 9 JUSTICE ALITO: Is your theory dependent on
- 10 the proposition that Scientific-Atlanta and Motorola
- 11 deceived Arthur Andersen?
- MR. GROSSMAN: That certainly is a large
- 13 part of it. Yes, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE ALITO: But didn't you allege
- 15 exactly the opposite in your complaint?
- 16 MR. GROSSMAN: No. We -- I think what
- 17 you're referring to is that -- is that the accountants
- 18 should have conducted a more diligent audit than they
- 19 did. I mean these people clearly were trying to deceive
- 20 the auditors. Why else would you wish you would
- 21 document falsely stating a reason for a price increase?
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, I'm looking at
- 23 paragraph 218 of your amended complaint, 109 (a) of the
- 24 joint appendix, subsection 4. It says, speaking of
- 25 Arthur Andersen, "though aware that Charter was seeking

- 1 to boost its revenues by paying vendors higher prices at
- 2 the same time it received additional advertising from
- 3 the same vendors, Andersen failed to properly audit
- 4 these transactions by confirming them with the vendors."
- 5 You alleged that they weren't deceived. You alleged
- 6 that they knew exactly what was going on.
- 7 MR. GROSSMAN: No -- no, Your Honor, they
- 8 knew that they were paying the vendors higher prices,
- 9 but they didn't know why. The contract -- the contract
- 10 for the higher prices was followed by this misstatement
- 11 saying the reason for the higher prices is because of
- 12 increased manufacturing expenses, when in fact that
- 13 wasn't the reason. The reason was to take money --
- 14 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Who told -- who told
- 15 Charter that it was necessary for them to have a time
- 16 spread between the contract -- the \$20 above the
- 17 contract price and the advertising payment?
- MR. GROSSMAN: Arthur Andersen.
- 19 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Well, if it told them
- 20 that, didn't it have -- it sounds to me from that if the
- 21 accountant says, look, if you want to make this appear
- 22 on the balance sheet as though the advertising revenues
- 23 were just ordinary advertising revenues, you better
- 24 separate these two. I suggest that Arthur Andersen knew
- 25 all along what was going on.

- 1 MR. GROSSMAN: No. Justice Ginsburg, what
- 2 Arthur Andersen did not know -- and this is very clear.
- 3 They did not know that it was Charter's own money that
- 4 was being used by the Respondent to purchase the
- 5 advertising. They were deceived by that document that
- 6 said, we are increasing the price on the set-top boxes
- 7 because of increased manufacturing expense. That was
- 8 false. The reason they were increasing it is because
- 9 Charter was delivering the money to them.
- 10 JUSTICE SCALIA: But that's exactly the
- 11 thing they told them to separate.
- 12 MR. GROSSMAN: Well, not for that reason,
- 13 Your Honor.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: What other reason?
- 15 MR. GROSSMAN: The reason is as follows.
- 16 This is what they refer to as barter contracts, two
- 17 companies exchanging things, which is perfectly
- 18 legitimate, nothing wrong with that. And there are
- 19 certain ways to account for it properly, and what Arthur
- 20 Andersen was telling Charter was in order to be able to
- 21 have revenues included, gross revenues, you have to have
- 22 unrelated -- unrelated contracts. They couldn't be a
- 23 barter transaction. But there is no way -- no way that
- 24 you could recognize the advertising revenues if you're
- 25 using Charter's own money, and that's what Arthur

- 1 Andersen did not do. It would be no different, Justice
- 2 Scalia, if Charter delivered a suitcase filled with cash
- 3 and gave it to them and said okay, buy the advertising
- 4 from us.
- 5 JUSTICE SCALIA: I understand what you're
- 6 saying. It seems to me that when you say that they
- 7 can't be connected, you're saying precisely, you can't
- 8 be bartering the advertising revenue for the increased
- 9 money that you're paying.
- 10 MR. GROSSMAN: No. You can barter. You can
- 11 barter, it's just a question of how you account for it.
- 12 But the bartering is one thing. I mean, that's one
- 13 accounting principle relating to bartering, but there is
- 14 no accounting principle that permits the recording of
- 15 revenue if you're using the money from the seller. And
- 16 that's why they discussed --
- 17 JUSTICE ALITO: All right, just to be clear
- 18 on this -- just to be clear on this -- if Charter and
- 19 Arthur Andersen and Scientific-Atlanta and Motorola all
- 20 sat down and cooked up this scheme together and they all
- 21 knew exactly what was going on, would you have a claim
- 22 against the Respondents here?
- MR. GROSSMAN: Yes. And the reason for
- 24 that, Your Honor, is because the advertising contract
- 25 was a sham, and the advertising contract was a sham

- 1 because Charter was giving the Respondents money to buy
- 2 the advertising.
- 3 JUSTICE ALITO: Then I see absolutely no
- 4 difference between your test and the elements of aiding
- 5 and abetting.
- 6 MR. GROSSMAN: The difference is conceptual.
- 7 JUSTICE ALITO: Because you said it's not
- 8 necessary for there to be an actual deceptive act on the
- 9 part of the Respondents.
- 10 MR. GROSSMAN: There has to be a deception
- 11 -- there is deception. The deception is you're entering
- 12 into an advertising contract that presents the illusion
- 13 that you were purchasing advertising, when in fact you
- 14 were not purchasing advertising.
- 15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: But that's -- but
- 16 that's not the fraud that was imposed upon the market.
- 17 The fraud imposed upon the market was Charter's
- 18 accounting for the transaction on its books. Nobody
- 19 bought or sold stocks in the reliance upon the way that
- 20 Scientific-Atlanta and Charter structured their deal.
- 21 They did so in reliance upon the way Charter
- 22 communicated its accounting to the marketplace.
- MR. GROSSMAN: There was no way -- no way
- 24 that that could properly be accounted for, and the
- 25 Respondents understood that. And that's why they did

- 1 what they did, that's what --
- 2 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But there are -- there are
- 3 any number of kickbacks and mismanagements and petty
- 4 frauds that go on in the business, and business people
- 5 know that any publicly held company's shares are going
- 6 to be affected by its profits, so I see no limitation to
- 7 your -- to your proposal for validly.
- 8 MR. GROSSMAN: Well, I think the limitations
- 9 are as follows, Your Honor. Number one, there has to be
- 10 the purpose of furthering a scheme to defraud
- 11 shareholders. Number two, the test has an element of
- 12 materiality, that it cannot be --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, I agree with Justice
- 14 Scalia's earlier comment, I don't think that
- 15 Scientific-Atlanta or Motorola really cared anything of
- 16 -- one way or the other about the investors. For them
- 17 the scheme made a certain amount of sense, they didn't
- 18 really care.
- 19 MR. GROSSMAN: They may not have cared, but
- 20 that would be reckless because they certainly understood
- 21 --
- 22 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But that's far different
- 23 from having a purpose. You said they have to have a
- 24 purpose.
- 25 MR. GROSSMAN: That's correct. If you just

- 1 close your eyes -- if somebody comes to you and says,
- 2 look, we want you to enter into this transaction, it's a
- 3 phony transaction and we don't care -- do whatever you
- 4 want with that, and they know it's a publicly held
- 5 corporation and they have every reason to understand
- 6 that this information --
- 7 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Which goes back to my
- 8 earlier question -- that most people that engage in
- 9 frauds on business know that if it's a publicly held
- 10 corporation, it's going to hurt the price of the shares
- 11 or affect the price of the shares.
- MR. GROSSMAN: Well, they shouldn't engage
- in schemes to defraud, that's what Congress intended by
- 14 Section 10.
- 15 JUSTICE SOUTER: But as I understand your
- 16 argument, it is the difference between the aiding and
- 17 abetting liability on the part of the Respondents and
- 18 liability is, in effect, as first line principles, is
- 19 their intent, or at the very least in knowledge that
- 20 they were committing a deceptive act as part of this
- 21 scheme. Is that correct?
- 22 MR. GROSSMAN: That they have to commit the
- 23 deceptive act --
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Yes.
- MR. GROSSMAN: That's correct.

- 1 JUSTICE SOUTER: Now, how many times are
- 2 parties in the position of Respondents ever going to
- 3 engage in those acts except with exactly the state of
- 4 mind that on your judgment makes them principals, rather
- 5 than aiders and abettors.
- 6 MR. GROSSMAN: It is not on my judgment. It
- 7 has to be pled with the particularity required by the
- 8 PSLRA.
- 9 JUSTICE SOUTER: No. No, I realize that you
- 10 have to plead it. What I'm getting at is: Are you
- 11 making a distinction that in the real world is not a
- 12 distinction? That, in reality, no one is going to do
- 13 what these Respondents did without the kind of knowledge
- 14 or intent that makes them, on your theory, principals
- 15 rather than aiders or abettors?
- MR. GROSSMAN: There are cases, I think,
- 17 Your Honor, where they can engage in deceptive conduct,
- 18 and there would not be the purpose to defraud
- 19 shareholders. For instance, Charter may have come to
- 20 them and said look, do me a favor, says the sales
- 21 manager. I want to make my numbers for this period so I
- 22 can take my wife on a trip to Hawaii that the company
- 23 will give me.
- So the company gives him a phony order,
- 25 thinking that's the purpose of it. That's the purpose

- 1 of this phony order to help this guy along.
- Well, you've engaged in a deceptive act. It
- 3 may be deceptive under 10(b), but you wouldn't satisfy
- 4 the "purpose" test, because the purpose --
- 5 JUSTICE SOUTER: In other words, it's
- 6 deceptive but not deceptive in relation to, or for the
- 7 purpose of, deceiving the -- the petitioner.
- 8 MR. GROSSMAN: Right.
- 9 JUSTICE SCALIA: But don't aiders and
- 10 abettors have to have that purpose as well? What
- 11 distinguishes -- what distinguishes the liability that
- 12 you propose from aider and abettor liability?
- MR. GROSSMAN: You have to engage in a
- 14 deceptive act under 10(b). 10(b)prohibits any deceptive
- 15 act.
- 16 JUSTICE SOUTER: I thought you were telling
- 17 me that in each case there may be a deceptive act but
- 18 not a deceptive act in relation to somebody like the
- 19 Petitioner here.
- MR. GROSSMAN: Exactly.
- 21 JUSTICE SOUTER: But that's a different
- 22 answer, I think, from the one you were just giving
- 23 Justice Scalia.
- 24 MR. GROSSMAN: No. I -- I understood,
- 25 perhaps mistakenly, from Justice Scalia that there

- 1 wasn't a deceptive act in your hypothetical. If there
- 2 is a deceptive act, then it's prohibited by 10(b), and
- 3 we move to the next statute --
- 4 JUSTICE SCALIA: So any aiding and abetting
- 5 through a deceptive act makes you a principal? Is that
- 6 it? You can't be an aider and abetter by committing or
- 7 enabling a deceptive act without becoming a principal.
- 8 MR. GROSSMAN: No. Not At all.
- 9 JUSTICE SCALIA: You cannot --
- 10 MR. GROSSMAN: You, yourself -- you,
- 11 yourself, have to engage in the deceptive act.
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: Yes.
- MR. GROSSMAN: Your own deceptive act.
- 14 JUSTICE SCALIA: Yes, but -- but if you do,
- 15 or if you should have known, you are not an aider and
- 16 abetter. You are automatically a principal.
- MR. GROSSMAN: You may be a principal if you
- 18 satisfy the other elements of our test, which are
- 19 serious elements that you have to plead with
- 20 particularity, with the heightened pleading standards,
- 21 that they have the purpose to further a scheme to
- 22 defraud. That's very different --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Is it fair to say that all
- 24 aiders and abettors who commit deceptive acts are
- 25 principals?

- 1 MR. GROSSMAN: No.
- 2 JUSTICE SCALIA: What's the difference?
- 3 What separates the two?
- 4 MR. GROSSMAN: You have to take it the next
- 5 step further, whether or not that deceptive act had the
- 6 purpose and effect for furthering a scheme of an
- 7 investor.
- 8 JUSTICE SCALIA: Don't you need that to be
- 9 an aider or abetter?
- 10 MR. GROSSMAN: An aider and abetter? You
- 11 have to have --
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: What if -- if I'm entirely
- innocent, and I don't --
- MR. GROSSMAN: An aider -- certainly --
- 15 certainly, the primary violator in the situation that we
- 16 are discussing where there are deceptive acts is aiding
- 17 and abetting.
- 18 If an accountant comes in and deliberately
- 19 falsifies a financial statement, he is giving
- 20 substantial assistance to the company's statement
- 21 through the company who is issuing those false
- 22 statements. He would be an aider and abetter in that
- 23 sense. He is also a primary --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: You see, I really thought
- 25 the difference was that the principal is the one who

- 1 makes the deceptive representation and obtains money
- 2 from it. The aider and abetter is the person who
- 3 facilitates or enables that deceptive representation,
- 4 which is what we have here.
- 5 And you say if you facilitate knowingly and
- 6 intentionally or even grossly negligently, you are not
- 7 an aider and abetter, but you're a principal. I really
- 8 don't understand what's the line between the two.
- 9 MR. GROSSMAN: If you facilitate with a
- 10 deceptive act, then you're a primary violator. That's
- 11 what Section 10(b) prohibits. If you facilitate without
- 12 a deceptive act, then you are an aider and abetter.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Mr. Grossman, before you
- 14 finish, there is one statement made by the other side
- 15 that you are trying to use this -- small in comparison
- 16 to all the fraud that was involved here in order to
- 17 collect on the entire loss. That is, you are asserting
- 18 that the vendors are liable for the entire loss when
- 19 they were just a bit player.
- MR. GROSSMAN: Yes. We are not seeking that
- 21 at all, Your Honor. We -- the PSLRA proportionate
- 22 liability provisions govern this with respect to --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: So what are you seeking?
- 24 How would you measure your damages?
- 25 MR. GROSSMAN: We would measure the damages,

- 1 number one, that flow from this particular scheme. We
- 2 would have to first subtract the settlements that we've
- 3 achieved already, and then the proportionate liability
- 4 provisions of the PSLRA provide how you make this
- 5 determination.
- 6 You look at the particular nature of their
- 7 conduct, and you look at the extent to which their
- 8 particular conduct had a causal relationship with the
- 9 damages.
- 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Mr. Grossman, I'm
- 11 conscious of eating into your time but a question -- how
- 12 many chains of this connection can you have? Let's say
- 13 Charter was not a publicly traded company, but same
- 14 thing happened with respect to Scientific-Atlanta, and
- 15 that made it look valuable to a company that is publicly
- 16 traded. So they decided to buy Charter and then that
- 17 made their profits look better to investors. Can you --
- 18 how many chains in the link can you go?
- 19 MR. GROSSMAN: Well, I -- I think you can go
- 20 so long as the person's deceptive conduct has the
- 21 purpose for furthering a scheme to defraud. If they
- 22 engage in some deceptive conduct that was not in
- 23 furtherance of the scheme to defraud, that's another
- 24 thing. I --
- 25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,

1 Mr. Grossman. 2 MR. GROSSMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Mr. Shapiro. 4 ORAL ARGUMENT BY STEPHEN M. SHAPIRO. 5 ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENTS 6 MR. SHAPIRO: Thank you, Mr. Chief Justice, 7 and may it please the Court: 8 My friend has just asked the Court to expand an implied cause of action by diluting traditional 9 10 requirements such as the reliance requirement and by 11 eroding this Court's precedent in the Central Bank case. The Court has said in the past that it must 12 13 be very cautious about expanding implied causes of 14 action, but here there are special reasons for caution. 15 Expanding the implied cause of action would give 16 plaintiff the very thing that Congress said it should 17 not get in Section 20(e) of the Exchange Act. 18 Congress wanted cases like this one to be 19 handled by an expert and disinterested administrative 20 agency. 21 JUSTICE GINSBURG: That's if you equate this 22 with aiding and abetting, and I think the question is --23 is there a middle category between Charter, who is 24 clearly primarily liable, and Central Bank, that didn't

25

do anything deceptive?

- 1 MR. SHAPIRO: The Central Bank case, I
- 2 believe, answers that by saying to be a primary violator
- 3 you have to satisfy all the prerequisites of 10(b)
- 4 liability, including reliance, loss causation, the
- 5 "in-connection-with" standard. And here plaintiffs fail
- 6 to meet these tests. And Congress in 20(e) --
- 7 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But you are saying -- I
- 8 thought your argument, unlike the government's argument,
- 9 is that there was no deceptive device. There was no
- 10 deceptive device. They simply aided and abetted.
- 11 MR. SHAPIRO: Yes. That's one of the
- 12 arguments we make. It is that this case is governed by
- 13 Central Bank because the defendant did not use or employ
- 14 deception in connection with a securities transaction.
- 15 That exactly describes what Charter did.
- 16 Now, what exactly describes what the vendors
- 17 are alleged to do is what is said in 20(e) -- to
- 18 knowingly give substantial assistance to someone else
- 19 that is misleading an investor. That fits this case
- 20 like a glove where --
- 21 JUSTICE KENNEDY: I agree with Justice
- 22 Ginsburg. I thought the "in-connection-with" argument
- is actually in addition to or separate from an
- 24 additional argument you made that there was no deceptive
- 25 statement made here. I thought that's what you were

- 1 arguing, and I have problems with that argument because
- 2 the statute doesn't require a statement. It requires
- 3 government conduct to suffice.
- 4 MR. SHAPIRO: We don't make these arguments
- 5 without reference to each other. We think all of these
- 6 statutory terms have to be viewed together. You have to
- 7 use deception in connection with securities trading,
- 8 which these vendors did not do. That's what Charter
- 9 did. And we --
- 10 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Would you say there was
- 11 deception, standing alone?
- MR. SHAPIRO: Well, we have -- we have
- 13 suggested that that is not true when you're speaking
- 14 with somebody that knows the facts such as Charter.
- 15 Charter understood all these facts. Charter could have
- 16 accounted for these transactions correctly, itself. The
- 17 vendors did that. They didn't recognize any revenues
- 18 here. It was up to Charter to account for these
- 19 transactions properly. Congress required it to do that,
- 20 so it is the speaker here.
- 21 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But Charter said --
- vendors, I need you to consummate this fraud on the
- 23 public. I can't do it without you. I've got to have
- those revenues that you're going to give me through
- 25 these phony advertising payments at four or five times

- 1 the usual rate.
- 2 MR. SHAPIRO: Well, we believe even placing
- 3 that most pejorative characterization on these facts,
- 4 which we don't agree are the true facts, that still --
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But you must assume that
- 6 they are now.
- 7 MR. SHAPIRO: Assuming that they are, that
- 8 this is a 20(e) situation where it is alleged that the
- 9 vendors gave substantial, knowing assistance to somebody
- 10 who was committing a fraud. And Congress said that an
- 11 expert and disinterested administrative agency should
- 12 decide whether to proceed, because it is so slippery to
- 13 apply these characterizations.
- 14 JUSTICE GINSBURG: That's if they are --
- 15 that's if they are aiders and if there are only two
- 16 categories and everyone who is not Charter is an aider
- 17 and abettor, then you're right. But if there's a middle
- 18 category of people who, while not the benefited company
- 19 -- the company that's trying to achieve the deception --
- 20 but made it possible for that -- for that deception to
- 21 happen.
- MR. SHAPIRO: Well, you know that's an exact
- 23 description of Central Bank because there it was alleged
- 24 that the trustee entered --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: No --

- 1 MR. SHAPIRO: -- into a secret agreement.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: In Central Bank, it was
- 3 conceded that the bank engaged in no deceptive act.
- 4 MR. SHAPIRO: Well, the --
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Here there is the charge
- 6 that it did engage in deceptive acts.
- 7 MR. SHAPIRO: What was conceded was that the
- 8 bank made a misstatement to investors, but what was
- 9 alleged in the complaint and argued in the briefs was
- 10 that the bank entered into a secret side agreement that
- 11 enabled the use of a fraudulent prospectus that
- 12 unleashed securities that were worthless on investors,
- 13 and investors said, we were depending on our trustee to
- 14 prevent that from happening.
- 15 JUSTICE SOUTER: Now, I take it, though, you
- 16 do not defend the position that there must -- for 10(b)
- 17 liability, that there must have been a statement
- 18 addressed to investors.
- 19 MR. SHAPIRO: Well, we -- we think that for
- 20 reliance purposes, there --
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Well, do you --
- 22 MR. SHAPIRO: -- the defendant has to
- 23 communicate with investors.
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Would you answer my
- 25 question first? Do you take the position that there can

- 1 be no 10(b) liability without a statement addressed to
- 2 investors?
- MR. SHAPIRO: It has to be communicated to
- 4 the investors and it has to be attributed under the case
- 5 law to the --
- JUSTICE SOUTER: You mean the statement as
- 7 such or a statement which could not have been made but
- 8 for the statements of the Respondents must be
- 9 communicated to the investors? Which one?
- 10 MR. SHAPIRO: That -- that kind of but-for
- 11 causation is not sufficient. That is not reliance.
- 12 That kind of --
- 13 JUSTICE SOUTER: So are you -- so you are
- 14 saying that there can be no causation and hence, you
- 15 know -- and I think you're going further. You're saying
- 16 there can be no liability within the description of
- 17 10(b) unless there is a statement directly addressed to
- 18 the investors, is that correct?
- 19 MR. SHAPIRO: That is one of our
- 20 submissions, but we also say that the substance of these
- 21 statements was never communicated to investors. Only
- 22 Charter --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Because the whole purpose
- 24 of it --
- 25 MR. SHAPIRO: -- spoke to the investors and

- 1 never summarized these.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Mr. Shapiro, if --
- 3 MR. SHAPIRO: Yes?
- 4 JUSTICE GINSBURG: If it was communicated to
- 5 investors that there had been \$20 per set box over the
- 6 regular price, if there had been advertising that was
- 7 paid for by the very money that Charter gave, then the
- 8 whole thing would have failed. So this can work only if
- 9 the vendors are silent. Silence and not speech is what
- 10 counts. If the vendors communicate anything at all, the
- 11 whole thing fails.
- 12 MR. SHAPIRO: But the -- the communication,
- 13 Your Honor, has to be to the market and to investors.
- 14 There was no duty to disclose to investors here. The
- 15 only communications the vendors made were we're raising
- 16 our prices 6 percent, the date of our contract is August
- 17 31st, for the simple reason that it started the very
- 18 next day --
- 19 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Was there any --
- MR. SHAPIRO: -- on September 1st.
- 21 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Was there any economic
- 22 substance to this?
- MR. SHAPIRO: Oh, of course. There was
- 24 economic substance from the vendors' perspective. They
- 25 were selling their products at exactly the price that

- 1 they wanted to receive for those products and they were
- 2 getting some free cooperative advertising thrown in at
- 3 the same time.
- 4 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Is it true that the price
- 5 that they were charging, they did not charge to other
- 6 customers -- the \$20 hike?
- 7 MR. SHAPIRO: Well, it's true because they
- 8 weren't concerned with that because they weren't paying
- 9 for it. Charter was paying for this cooperative --
- 10 cooperative advertising, the reason being --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: But it was --
- 12 MR. SHAPIRO: -- that Charter had a big
- 13 interest.
- 14 JUSTICE GINSBURG: -- a sham then, because
- 15 they said the reason they upped the price \$20 a box was
- 16 they -- the inflationary conditions, so they had to
- 17 renegotiate the contract, but didn't renegotiate with
- 18 any of their other customers.
- 19 MR. SHAPIRO: Well, Your Honor, from the
- 20 vendors' perspective, this was a transaction that
- 21 appeared to be a way to increase cooperative
- 22 advertising. It cost the vendors no money. They were
- 23 told by Charter that Arthur Andersen had approved the
- 24 transaction. That's alleged in the Barford indictment.
- 25 Then they went home and talked to their own auditors --

- 1 how could you account for this transaction? The
- 2 auditors said, you cannot record any revenues from the
- 3 transaction. They didn't record any revenues. They
- 4 expected Charter to do the same thing, to not record
- 5 revenues --
- 6 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But that's --
- 7 MR. SHAPIRO: -- of that sort of thing as
- 8 required.
- 9 JUSTICE KENNEDY: That's not the allegation
- 10 of the complaint. I -- I thought the allegation of the
- 11 complaint was that they -- they knew that this was a
- 12 fraud and they participated in the fraud.
- 13 MR. SHAPIRO: Yes, they -- they do allege.
- 14 I'm merely pointing out that in the --
- 15 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But I mean that -- so that
- 16 your answer doesn't seem to be at -- on a legal point.
- MR. SHAPIRO: Well, we say that if you take
- 18 the complaint at face value and you don't even consider
- 19 the Barford indictment that they cite, that it still is
- 20 a classic example of knowingly giving substantial
- 21 assistance to someone else that is making misstatements
- 22 to investors, because these vendors didn't make any
- 23 misstatement to investors. Nobody relied on their sales
- 24 correspondence. It sat in a file drawer until long
- 25 after the stock had gone all the way up and come all the

- 1 way down.
- 2 JUSTICE GINSBURG: That's the essence of the
- 3 scheme. You said that they -- they are home free
- 4 because they didn't themselves make any statement to
- 5 investors. But they set up Charter to make those
- 6 statements, to swell its revenues -- revenues that it in
- 7 fact didn't have.
- 8 MR. SHAPIRO: But Congress's policy judgment
- 9 here is that the SEC, an expert agency that is
- 10 impartial, should evaluate a claim of that sort and
- 11 decide whether to proceed.
- 12 JUSTICE GINSBURG: That's if they are aiders
- 13 and abettors, which is what Congress covered. And I
- 14 again go back to, is there another category or is
- 15 everyone -- either Charter, the person whose stock is at
- 16 stake, the company whose stock is at stake and everyone
- 17 else is an aider? I take it that that's your position.
- MR. SHAPIRO: Well --
- 19 JUSTICE GINSBURG: It's either the company
- 20 whose stock is in question or you're an aider and
- 21 abettor.
- MR. SHAPIRO: You are only a primary
- 23 violator under -- under Central Bank if each and every
- 24 element of 10b-5 liability is satisfied, including
- 25 reliance on your statement, including the

- 1 "in-connection-with" test, and including loss causation.
- 2 None of those tests are satisfied here, but what is
- 3 satisfied is Section 20(e), which says, did they
- 4 knowingly give substantial assistance to somebody who is
- 5 committing a fraud? And that -- that fits this case
- 6 like a glove --
- 7 JUSTICE KENNEDY: If we accept --
- 8 MR. SHAPIRO: -- if Congress wanted the SEC
- 9 to address --
- 10 JUSTICE KENNEDY: If we accept your theory
- 11 of the case and we then get another case in which an
- 12 accountant or an attorney who prepares the statement for
- 13 publication to the investors and then gives it to
- 14 Charter, and they are before us, could we find liability
- 15 under 10b-5 as to the accountants and still rule -- and
- 16 still keep our ruling in favor of your client here?
- MR. SHAPIRO: It really depends on --
- 18 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And if so, what would --
- 19 MR. SHAPIRO: -- on the circumstances.
- 20 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And if so, what would be
- 21 the rationale?
- MR. SHAPIRO: Some attorneys are control
- 23 persons within corporations, and in-house counsel that
- 24 drafts the disclosure statement which contains a
- 25 falsehood may be liable as in the Macondua case, which

- 1 the Court recently considered. Individuals may be
- 2 liable --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: How about outside
- 4 accountants and attorneys who deliberately and directly
- 5 participate in negotiating -- or in drafting the false
- 6 disclosure statements?
- 7 MR. SHAPIRO: I --
- 8 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Could they be liable and
- 9 under your theory of the case, but your client not
- 10 liable?
- 11 MR. SHAPIRO: It -- it's possible. Your
- 12 Honor, at the end of your --
- 13 JUSTICE SOUTER: Well what about in this
- 14 case? Let's be specific. As I understood an earlier
- 15 answer of yours, the answer was that Arthur Andersen
- 16 knew what was going on. If I've -- if you are -- as I
- 17 understand it, that's not what was charged, but if
- 18 that's correct, Arthur Andersen did know what was going
- 19 on. Can Arthur Andersen be held liable under 10b-5 --
- 20 MR. SHAPIRO: Absolutely --
- 21 JUSTICE SOUTER: -- whereas your client
- 22 cannot?
- MR. SHAPIRO: Yes, sir. The reason --
- JUSTICE SOUTER: And the difference is?
- 25 MR. SHAPIRO: The reason is they issued

- 1 opinions that were circulated to investors, that were
- 2 attributed to them and which were authorized by them,
- 3 and if a lawyer does the same thing, if Steve Shapiro
- 4 writes an opinion letter and circulates it to investors
- 5 and it's full of falsehoods --
- 6 JUSTICE SOUTER: But --
- 7 MR. SHAPIRO: -- I can be held liable for
- 8 that --
- 9 JUSTICE SOUTER: What if Arthur Andersen --
- 10 MR. SHAPIRO: -- as a speaker.
- 11 JUSTICE SOUTER: What if Arthur Andersen has
- 12 a footnote in there saying, this is okay because we have
- 13 this -- this letter from I forget which one of the two
- 14 Respondents it was, saying there's been inflation and
- 15 therefore we've got to renegotiate the prices and jack
- 16 them up 20 percent, Arthur Anderson knows that that is
- 17 false and the Respondent who made it knows that it is
- 18 false, can the Respondent who made it then be held
- 19 liable?
- 20 MR. SHAPIRO: Only people who speak to the
- 21 market --
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Yes, but doesn't --
- MR. SHAPIRO: -- and induce investor
- 24 reliance.
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Yes, but doesn't -- doesn't

- 1 the Respondent in that case know that it is likely that
- 2 the auditor is going to indicate the basis for its
- 3 statement, that the transaction is okay --
- 4 MR. SHAPIRO: Well --
- 5 JUSTICE SOUTER: -- and, therefore, isn't it
- 6 reasonable to suppose that they anticipated that their
- 7 statement would be communicated to the market?
- 8 MR. SHAPIRO: That is just aiding and
- 9 abetting, and in fact Congress dealt with that squarely
- 10 in Section 303 --
- 11 JUSTICE SOUTER: But there's a communication
- 12 to the market --
- MR. SHAPIRO: Oh, yes --
- JUSTICE SOUTER: -- and there's a reason to
- 15 expect that communication.
- MR. SHAPIRO: Yes.
- 17 JUSTICE SOUTER: Doesn't that make any
- 18 difference?
- 19 MR. SHAPIRO: That's not sufficient.
- 20 Congress addressed that in Section 303 of
- 21 Sarbanes-Oxley, and it held that any person -- said any
- 22 person including a vendor that misleads an auditor can
- 23 be held liable in an SEC proceeding only, not in a
- 24 private suit. It excluded private actions.
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Is the word "only" in

1	there?
2	MR. SHAPIRO: Pardon me?
3	JUSTICE SOUTER: Is the word "only" in
4	there?
5	MR. SHAPIRO: The word "exclusively" is in
6	there
7	JUSTICE SOUTER: In the statute?
8	MR. SHAPIRO: and my
9	JUSTICE SOUTER: So you have an independent
10	defense quite apart from from the construction of
11	10b-5?
12	MR. SHAPIRO: We rely on 20(e) and 303 of
13	Sarbanes-Oxley, and my friend has made the argument
14	JUSTICE GINSBURG: Which I thought speak
15	about aiders and abettors.
16	MR. SHAPIRO: It's talking about an aider
17	and abettor that misleads an auditor and then
18	JUSTICE GINSBURG: But they usually
19	MR. SHAPIRO: the auditor issues a false
20	certification.
21	JUSTICE GINSBURG: aider and abettor
22	then again we get back to the question: If there's
23	nothing in this world other than the company that puts
24	out the false statement and the aider and abettor
25	MR. SHAPIRO: Well oh, no

- 1 JUSTICE GINSBURG: -- and is there something
- 2 in between?
- MR. SHAPIRO: Your Honor, there are other
- 4 persons that are control persons within a company who
- 5 are liable.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: We're taking those out.
- 7 We're taking about independent actors.
- 8 MR. SHAPIRO: Independent actors that don't
- 9 speak to the markets and cause direct reliance on their
- 10 statement are aiders and abetors. And they are supposed
- 11 to be dealt with by the SEC, an expert agency.
- Now, my friend made the argument about
- 13 Sarbanes-Oxley that there's a savings clause in that
- 14 provision that preserves other remedies. But if you
- 15 look at the legislative history, it says explicitly we
- 16 are preserving SEC remedies. We want the SEC to pursue
- 17 these suits. And Congress refused in 2002 in
- 18 Sarbanes-Oxley to reinstate the aiding and abetting
- 19 private liability clause.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Do you know, Mr. Shapiro,
- 21 if in the law of torts and the restatement of torts or
- 22 in other areas of the law there is some third
- 23 classification that's between aider and abettor in
- 24 principle?
- 25 MR. SHAPIRO: I don't know the answer.

- 1 Although in these statutes themselves there are such
- 2 provisions not included in Section 10(b). For example
- 3 in Section 18(a), if you cause some other person to make
- 4 a false statement in a financial statement, you can be
- 5 held liable, but they are not invoking it in Section 18.
- 6 Same thing under Section 17. If you engage in a scheme
- 7 to cause some falsehood, you can be prosecuted by the
- 8 government.
- 9 But nowhere has Congress said that an
- 10 individual litigant can bring a claim like that without
- 11 regard for reliance and in connection with in the loss
- 12 causation test.
- 13 JUSTICE SOUTER: Let's assume there is
- 14 reliance and loss causation. Let me ask a question very
- 15 similar to what Justice Ginsburg has posed a couple of
- 16 times. She has said is there a third category. My
- 17 question is, is there an overlap? Can there be an
- 18 overlap?
- 19 MR. SHAPIRO: No, I don't there can be.
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Why?
- 21 MR. SHAPIRO: Because Congress intended in
- 22 Section 20(e) to have an expert agency to address these
- 23 cases and not to have the trial --
- 24 JUSTICE SOUTER: Congress intended an expert
- 25 agency to address solely aiding and abetting cases. My

- 1 question is if there is an overlap -- A, can there be an
- 2 overlap? And if so, I don't see why Congress' intent to
- 3 reserve aiding and abetting alone to the agency affects
- 4 the determination of this case.
- 5 MR. SHAPIRO: We believe they are separate
- 6 categories and that Central Bank tells us exactly who
- 7 the primary violator is. He is somebody who makes a
- 8 statement that investors rely on in connection with
- 9 securities transactions, and that is not these vendors.
- 10 That is exactly what Section 20(e) addresses and commits
- 11 --
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: Could you amend that to
- 13 say -- you don't insist that he make a statement that
- 14 invest -- he could engage in a deceptive practice
- 15 directed at investments?
- 16 MR. SHAPIRO: Absolutely. Absolutely. We
- 17 don't quarrel over that, Justice Scalia.
- 18 JUSTICE SOUTER: For example, for example,
- 19 let's assume in this case that Charter said we've, we've
- 20 got to let the investors know that our cost of doing
- 21 business is going up, and we want to you make an
- 22 announcement that you're jacking up your price 20
- 23 percent. In that case there would be primary liability.
- MR. SHAPIRO: Absolutely.
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Why in that case is there

- 1 not also aiding and abetting? We know perfectly why
- 2 they are doing it, and they are doing it solely to aid
- 3 and abet Charter in its scheme themselves enjoying a
- 4 wash transaction. Why isn't that both primary and
- 5 aiding and abetting?
- 6 MR. SHAPIRO: Well, it's primary because
- 7 there is communication of the market that's missing
- 8 here.
- 9 JUSTICE SOUTER: We know it's primary. Why
- 10 isn't it also aiding and abetting?
- 11 MR. SHAPIRO: You can call it --
- 12 JUSTICE SOUTER: If you can call it, why
- isn't there the kind of overlap which raises the
- 14 question that Justice Ginsburg has raised?
- 15 MR. SHAPIRO: You can't have primary
- 16 liability, which they are asserting here, without the
- 17 statement to the market. And it can be a statement by
- 18 conduct, and it can be by nodding of the head.
- 19 JUSTICE SOUTER: So you are saying there can
- 20 be an overlap but there is no overlap that helps the
- 21 Petitioner in this case?
- MR. SHAPIRO: Oh, yes. Nodding the head is
- 23 the same thing as saying yes. But it has to be made
- 24 directly to an investor and cause reliance by that
- 25 investor. That's what's missing here.

1	So there is nothing wrong with the Eighth
2	Circuit's decision. It didn't address that refinement,
3	because it has no bearing on this case. So there is no
4	point in reversing the decision. It has to be affirmed
5	in our view for want of reliance, for want of loss
6	causation, for lack of in connection with, and because
7	most importantly, Congress intended to remove this
8	category of case and commit it to an expert agency as
9	part of its very important reform effort to deal with
LO	excessive litigation that was harming our economy.
L1	This is an important concept for Congress.
L2	And it said it twice: First in the PSLRA in 1995, then
L3	in 2002, in the Sarbanes-Oxley law. And it removed even
L4	claims that you mislead an auditor under Section 303 of
L5	Sarbanes-Oxley. And there is no savings clause there
L6	for private actions. Congress refused to permit the
L7	private actions.
L8	Instead, it permitted the SEC to bring
L9	intentional misconduct cases under Section 20(e) or
20	negligent misconduct cases under Section 303 or under
21	Section 13. And the SEC has a broad panoply of
22	remedies. It doesn't have to just allege intentional
23	JUSTICE GINSBURG: Does the SEC distinguish
24	this kind of situation where silence is the essence of
25	the thing for the deceiver silence not speech? Does

- 1 the SEC distinguish this from aiding and abetting?
- MR. SHAPIRO: Well, the SEC's view is the
- 3 one rejected by the Solicitor General, and that's this
- 4 purpose and effect standard that's been advocated, which
- 5 we think is hopelessly vague. And it overrides the
- 6 reliance requirement. It overrides in connection with
- 7 requirement. And it overrides loss causation.
- JUSTICE STEVENS: Mr. Shapiro, what is your
- 9 strongest case, in your view, for the reliance
- 10 requirement?
- 11 MR. SHAPIRO: Central Bank itself.
- 12 JUSTICE STEVENS: Central Bank itself?
- 13 MR. SHAPIRO: Yes. Because the court there
- 14 said that even though the bank did something that was a
- 15 secret agreement that facilitated the issuer's
- 16 distribution of a false prospectus and caused all the
- 17 harm to the shareholders, it was the direct sine qua non
- 18 cause of all of that harm. That that was aiding and
- 19 abetting, because there was no reliance on anything that
- 20 the bank stated or anything that the bank had a duty to
- 21 state because of a fiduciary relationship.
- Now, the vendors here are even far more
- 23 removed from investors than the bank was in Central
- 24 Bank. The investors knew about the bank in Central
- 25 Bank, and they were relying on it to do its job. But

- 1 that was not sufficient because it made no statement
- 2 that the investors relied on it. There is no
- 3 communication here between these vendors and investors.
- 4 There is no way you could --
- 5 JUSTICE STEVENS: In your judgment, is the
- 6 reliance private requirement an element of the violation
- 7 or of the private cause of action?
- 8 MR. SHAPIRO: It's the private cause of
- 9 action. An important point, Justice Stevens, because
- 10 the SEC is not burdened with any of these elusive
- 11 inquiries into but for causation, speculative questions
- 12 of indirect reliance; none of that burdens the SEC.
- And the SEC also has power to distribute
- 14 funds to investors. This is the better mouse trap that
- 15 Congress prescribed for these kinds of cases. It didn't
- 16 want the trial lawyers to bring class actions that
- 17 always result in settlements.
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 19 Mr. Shapiro.
- MR. SHAPIRO: We thank the Court.
- 21 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Mr. Hungar.
- ORAL ARGUMENT OF THOMAS G. HUNGAR
- FOR UNITED STATES, AS AMICUS CURIAE,
- 24 SUPPORTING RESPONDENTS
- MR. HUNGAR: Thank you, Mr. Chief Justice,

- 1 and may it please the Court:
- 2 The Court of Appeals erred to the extent it
- 3 held that Section 10(b) applies only to verbal
- 4 misrepresentations or omissions. But the Court
- 5 correctly held that this Court's decision in Central
- 6 Bank forecloses Petitioner's claim here. Like the
- 7 plaintiff in Central Bank, Petitioner cannot establish
- 8 reliance, a critical element of the Section 10(b)
- 9 implied right of action.
- 10 Neither Petitioner nor the market relied on
- 11 or was even aware of any deceptive conduct or statement
- 12 by Respondents --
- JUSTICE STEVENS: Mr. Hungar, I want to be
- 14 sure I understand one part of the government's position.
- 15 You do take the position that there has a violation of
- 16 10-b-5?
- 17 MR. HUNGAR: We haven't taken a position on
- 18 that question, Your Honor. We take the position that
- 19 there was deceptive conduct alleged. That's one of the
- 20 elements of a 10-b-5 violation, but not the only
- 21 element.
- 22 JUSTICE STEVENS: Were the other elements
- 23 present?
- MR. HUNGAR: As I say, we have not taken --
- 25 I mean, materiality, for instance, in connection with

- 1 requirements scienter we haven't addressed those
- 2 questions and have not made --
- JUSTICE STEVENS: Do you have an opinion as
- 4 to whether there was a violation of 10(b) in this case?
- 5 MR. HUNGAR: No, Your Honor.
- 6 JUSTICE STEVENS: You don't have an opinion?
- 7 MR. HUNGAR: We haven't taken a position.
- 8 JUSTICE STEVENS: I know you haven't taken a
- 9 position, but I was just wondering if you have an
- 10 opinion?
- 11 (Laughter.)
- MR. HUNGAR: No, Your Honor. We haven't
- 13 addressed the other elements and those -- questions that
- 14 we have -- because there is no need to resolve them in
- 15 this case and because they weren't resolved by the court
- 16 of appeals or by the district court, we have chosen to
- 17 focus on what we think is dispositive and what was
- 18 raised and decided below which is reliance --
- 19 JUSTICE STEVENS: You have not reached
- 20 opinion as to whether there was a violation of the
- 21 statute?
- MR. HUNGAR: Correct.
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Has the SEC publicly taken
- 24 a position on that question?
- 25 MR. HUNGAR: I'm not sure of the answer to

- 1 that question, Your Honor. Certainly individual
- 2 commissioners have given speeches and testified before
- 3 Congress to the effect that the Commission voted in this
- 4 case to agree with our position on deception, the
- 5 position that's expressed in our brief, and by three to
- 6 two vote to disagree with the position on reliance that
- 7 is expressed in our brief. But I don't know that there
- 8 has been any official SEC Commission statement to that
- 9 effect that's been publicly released.
- 10 As I said, the only deceptive conduct that
- 11 was allegedly committed by Respondents in this case
- 12 involves the backdating of contracts and the false
- 13 justifications for the price increase. That conduct was
- 14 never disclosed to the market at any time during the
- 15 class period, and therefore, could not have been relied
- on by the market or by Petitioners.
- 17 And as a consequence, under this Court's
- 18 decisions in Central Bank and in Basic, reliance cannot
- 19 be established because the presumption of reliance that
- 20 Petitioner seeks to invoke requires as a prerequisite to
- 21 its invocation the existence of a publicly disseminated
- 22 statement from the defendant that was disseminated to
- 23 and, therefore, relied on by the market. That did not
- 24 happen here with respect to Respondents.
- 25 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Could SEC get any

- 1 monetary recovery for the investors on your theory? You
- 2 say yes, it's a deceptive practice, but this belongs in
- 3 the SEC's bailiwick, not in private suits?
- 4 MR. HUNGAR: Yes, Your Honor.
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Private suits; obviously
- 6 they are seeking damages for the decline in the share
- 7 price. What could the SEC -- suppose it should take up
- 8 in this case -- get by way of remedy?
- 9 MR. HUNGAR: The SEC is entitled to obtain
- 10 civil fines, as well as disgorgement remedies.
- 11 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But there is no
- 12 disgorgement here because the vendors didn't get
- 13 anything. For them it was a wash.
- MR. HUNGAR: Well, I don't know -- I believe
- 15 in the, not in this case but in the Adelphia, case which
- 16 is addressed --
- 17 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Well this case,
- 18 disgorgement would not be a remedy. You say fines,
- 19 those would be payable to the Government, right?
- MR. HUNGAR: If I may -- yes, yes and no, I
- 21 think is the answer to that question; because under the
- 22 fair funds provision of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, Section
- 23 308 of Sarbanes-Oxley, the SEC is authorized to take
- 24 fines and distribute those as -- those as disgorgement
- 25 relief -- and distribute them to investors.

	JUSTICE GINSBURG. But there would be no
2	disgorgement relief.
3	MR. HUNGAR: Well, I'm not sure I can agree
4	with that point. In the Adelphia matter
5	JUSTICE GINSBURG: What profits did the
6	vendors get? For them it was a wash. They got what
7	did they have to disgorge?
8	MR. HUNGAR: Well, they obtained at least
9	it appears that they obtained advertising that
10	presumably had some value, although it didn't cost them
11	anything; and presumably the SEC could seek the value or
12	that advertising. As I said, in the Adelphia matter
13	where the SEC did pursue the vendors that assisted
14	Adelphia in a somewhat similar transaction, it obtained
15	substantial monetary recoveries from them. I think
16	JUSTICE GINSBURG: But did they receive
17	something that they then disgorged?
18	MR. HUNGAR: I believe the allegations were
19	similar to those here. But in any event, certainly the
20	SEC has the authority to proceed in that fashion, and
21	additionally the Justice Department has the ability to
22	proceed criminally, and to obtain substantial monetary
23	sanctions, either as part of a deferred prosecution
24	agreement, as part of a restitutionary sanction and the
25	like; but the fundamental point is that for the private

- 1 right of action to apply, as this Court said in Central
- 2 Bank, all of the elements of the private cause of action
- 3 must be satisfied with respect to the individual
- 4 defendant. That is the line.
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Do you agree, do you
- 6 agree with Mr. Shapiro, what I understood to be his
- 7 argument, that 20(e), the aider and abettor statute,
- 8 more or less occupies the field here and there is no
- 9 role for additional 10b-5 liability.
- 10 MR. HUNGAR: Well, I wouldn't say it
- 11 occupies the field per se, but what it does do is --
- 12 given the timing of this Court's decision in Central
- 13 Bank in 1984 followed by Congress's considering the
- 14 question and whether to provide for secondary liability
- 15 in private acts, and its decision not to authorize such
- 16 secondary liability -- what it does clearly suggest is
- 17 that this Court ought not adopt the expansive view of
- 18 the implied right of action that Petitioner is urging,
- 19 but instead both because the Court is appropriately
- 20 cautious in expanding liability under implied rights of
- 21 action, and because Congress has now looked at this
- 22 question, not once but twice, and has declined to
- 23 provide secondary liability for secondary actors under
- 24 the cause of action.
- 25 JUSTICE SCALIA: You think that you are

- 1 either a principal or an aider and abettor?
- 2 MR. HUNGAR: You can, it's possible for
- 3 someone to be both but in order to be both they must
- 4 have -- they must have satisfied all of the elements.
- 5 JUSTICE SCALIA: For the same act, I'm
- 6 talking about -- for the same act.
- 7 MR. HUNGAR: Yes. For instance an auditor
- 8 who certifies false financial statements and allows
- 9 that -- its certification to be, to be publicly
- 10 disseminated, thereby aiding and assisting in the
- 11 issuer's primary fraud, but is also a -- quite likely to
- 12 be a primary violator, because they have spoken to the
- 13 market. The market is relying on their statements, and
- 14 is aware that they are making them; and so they would be
- 15 both a primary violator, but presumably could be pursued
- 16 as an aider and abettor. I don't think there is any
- 17 preclusion of liability under both, but in order to be
- 18 in that category you must be a primary violator. And
- 19 here, Petitioners have not established and cannot
- 20 establish the reliance element with respect to
- 21 Respondents, because nothing that Respondents said or
- 22 did was disseminated to the market during the class
- 23 period.
- 24 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And I take it in your view
- 25 they cannot establish the -- in connection with

- 1 argument. There is no reliance, but that there is in
- 2 connection --
- 3 MR. HUNGAR: Your Honor, I would hesitate to
- 4 say that, Your Honor, because the SEC and the United
- 5 States do not have to establish reliance in criminal or
- 6 civil enforcement proceedings, but we do have to
- 7 establish in connection with, and we think they are
- 8 different. We think reliance adds something more than
- 9 what in connection with requires, and so I certainly
- 10 would urge the Court not to suggest that merely because
- 11 reliance is not established, therefore in connection
- 12 with must not also be established; and that is one of
- 13 the reasons that we think that in connection with
- 14 question was resolved, not in this case, but in the case
- 15 where it's been squarely presented, and/ preferably a
- 16 Government enforcement action where the Government has
- 17 an opportunity to tailor the case in an appropriate
- 18 fashion.
- 19 The Court, as I said has been --
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: It's at least a
- 21 little awkward for you to say we should wait for a case
- in which it's been fully presented when the argument
- 23 you're presenting here wasn't fully presented or at
- 24 least was not decided below.
- 25 MR. HUNGAR: I think it was, Your Honor. It

- 1 was certainly briefed and argued in both the district
- 2 court and the court of appeals. The district court
- 3 squarely resolved -- it's at page 41a of the Petition
- 4 appendix. The court of appeals addressed reliance at
- 5 page 10a of the Petition appendix. It did not give it a
- 6 fully orbed discussion.
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I -- the court of
- 8 appeals decision would be based on its determination
- 9 that there was no deceptive act because there was no
- 10 statement or omission.
- MR. HUNGAR: But on page 10a, they also talk
- 12 about reliance, Your Honor; and what's important here to
- 13 understand is that the Petitioner's theory of reliance
- 14 rests on a misstatement, because they say it's a market
- 15 -- it's a basic presumption of reliance based on the
- 16 fraud in the market theory case. That's the only
- 17 allegation of reliance in the complaint; that requires
- 18 something that was publicly disseminated. The only
- 19 thing that was publicly disseminated is the statement,
- 20 but the court of appeals said that doesn't work, and
- 21 there was no reliance because Respondents didn't make
- 22 any publicly disseminated statement. So it's actually,
- 23 perhaps not a complete, but certainly a perfectly
- 24 reasonable resolution of the reliance question; and
- 25 therefore it is squarely presented. Petitioners has

- 1 raised reliance in their petition --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: I don't see --
- 3 MR. HUNGAR: -- at page 25. In their
- 4 opening brief at pages 37 to 40, it's squarely presented
- 5 and --
- 6 JUSTICE GINSBURG: I'm looking at the court
- 7 of appeals decision which I thought just said that there
- 8 was no deceptive device.
- 9 MR. HUNGAR: Your Honor, on page 10a, the
- 10 second line, the first full sentence, speaking of
- 11 Motorola and Scientific-Atlantic, "they did not issue
- 12 any misstatement relied upon by the investing public,"
- 13 and then it goes on the next sentence: "None of the
- 14 alleged financial misrepresentations by Charter was made
- 15 by or even with the approval of the vendors, " that is
- 16 the Respondents.
- 17 Again as I say, it's not as complete a
- 18 discussion of the reliance issue as we would have
- 19 thought appropriate if we had been writing the opinion,
- 20 but it certainly does touch on the question and we think
- 21 it's wholly presented.
- 22 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 23 Mr. Hungar.
- Mr. Grossman, have you three minutes.
- 25 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF STANLEY M. GROSSMAN

Τ	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
2	MR. GROSSMAN: Thank you.
3	I excuse me, I have three quick points to
4	make.
5	One, Mr. Shapiro and Mr. Hungar both said
6	that the advertising cost the vendors no money. Well,
7	if the advertising cost them no money, why was there a
8	contract that they entered into for the purchase of
9	advertising? Clearly it was designed to give the false
10	appearance that Charter had this additional \$17 million
11	in revenue.
12	Number two, the SEC did take a position in
13	the Simpson case as it submitted an amicus brief, the
14	commissioners testified before a House committee this
15	past spring that they wanted to submit the same brief on
16	the same points supporting the position that we are
17	taking here; and the testimony of Commissioner Cox is
18	appended to the briefs of Congressmen Franks and
19	Conyers.
20	Number three, Central Bank did not turn on
21	reliance. Central Bank turned on the issue of deceptive
22	conduct. There was no deceptive conduct in that case.
23	The plaintiffs conceded there was no deceptive conduct;
24	the court of appeals and the district court said there
25	was no deceptive conduct; it was strictly an aiding and

1	abetting case.
2	With respect to the reliance issue in
3	Central Bank, what the Court did say was under
4	plaintiff's theory he wouldn't have to prove reliance.
5	He only had to prove that he, that the defendant
6	substantially assisted a defendant who engaged in a
7	primary violation, but he would not have to prove any
8	reliance by the aiding and abettor.
9	Number three, with respect to 20(e), how do
10	my friends on the other side read 20(e) in connection
11	with Section 9 and Section 18 of the Exchange Act, each
12	of which provides remedies and private rights of actions
13	against multiple parties? Under their definition, that
14	would appear to be displaced by 20(e). 20(e) was not
15	designed, it was not intended to do anything but to give
16	the SEC the right to bring the very type of aiding and
17	abetting action that this Court barred in Central Bank.
18	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
19	Mr. Grossman. The case is submitted.
20	(Whereupon, at 12:00 p.m., the case in the
21	above-entitled matter was submitted.)
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	17:22	49:1,13 51:16	35:17,20 40:16	38:9,11
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	achieve 29:19	56:4	40:21,24 41:23	<b>Anderson</b> 38:16
abet 44:3	achieved 25:3	addresses 43:10	53:7 54:1,16	announcement
abetors 41:10	act 5:25 6:6 7:7	addressing	aiders 20:5,15	43:22
abetted 27:10	7:21 8:23,23	12:15	21:9 22:24	answer 21:22
abetter 22:6,16	9:11 10:13,24	adds 55:8	29:15 35:12	30:24 34:16
23:9,10,22	11:5,5 17:8	Adelphia 51:15	40:15 41:10	37:15,15 41:25
24:2,7,12	19:20,23 21:2	52:4,12,14	aiding 12:1 17:4	49:25 51:21
abetting 12:1	21:14,15,17,18	administrative	19:16 22:4	answered 10:22
17:5 19:17	22:1,2,5,7,11	26:19 29:11	23:16 26:22	10:23
22:4 23:17	22:13 23:5	adopt 53:17	39:8 41:18	answers 27:2
26:22 39:9	24:10,12 26:17	advertising 3:22	42:25 43:3	anticipated 39:6
41:18 42:25	30:3 51:22	3:25 4:1,8,9,13	44:1,5,10 46:1	antitrust 6:8
43:3 44:1,5,10	54:5,6 56:9	4:15,16,18,22	46:18 54:10	apart 40:10
46:1,19 59:1	59:11	4:23 5:6 8:12	58:25 59:8,16	appeals 48:2
59:17	action 5:10,11	14:2,17,22,23	al 1:8 3:5	49:16 56:2,4,8
abettor 21:12	5:12,14 6:1,3	15:5,24 16:3,8	<b>ALITO</b> 13:9,14	56:20 57:7
29:17 35:21	6:12,15,21 7:2	16:24,25 17:2	13:22 16:17	58:24
40:17,21,24	7:9,14,18,22	17:12,13,14	17:3,7	
41:23 53:7	7:9,14,18,22	28:25 32:6	· '	<b>appear</b> 11:10 14:21 59:14
54:1,16 59:8			<b>allegation</b> 34:9 34:10 56:17	
<b>abettors</b> 20:5,15	11:25 12:5,7	33:2,10,22		appearance
21:10 22:24	12:20 26:9,14	52:9,12 58:6,7	allegations	58:10
35:13 40:15	26:15 47:7,9	58:9	11:17,17,18 52:18	APPEARAN
ability 52:21	48:9 53:1,2,18	advocated 46:4		1:16
<b>able</b> 4:9 10:17	53:21,24 55:16	<b>affect</b> 19:11	<b>allege</b> 11:13	appeared 33:21
15:20	59:17	affirmed 45:4	13:14 34:13	appears 52:9
above-entitled	actions 5:18	agency 5:11	45:22	appended 58:18
1:13 59:21	6:10 39:24	26:20 29:11	<b>alleged</b> 11:2,8	appendix 13:24
absolutely 17:3	45:16,17 47:16	35:9 41:11	14:5,5 27:17	56:4,5
37:20 43:16,16	59:12	42:22,25 43:3	29:8,23 30:9	applied 8:19
43:24	actors 12:23	45:8	33:24 48:19	<b>applies</b> 48:3
accept 36:7,10	41:7,8 53:23	agree 4:12 7:19	57:14	apply 29:13 53:1
accepted 5:25	acts 20:3 22:24	18:13 27:21	allegedly 50:11	approach 13:2
account 15:19	23:16 30:6	29:4 50:4 52:3	allows 54:8	appropriate
16:11 28:18	53:15	53:5,6	amend 43:12	55:17 57:19
34:1	actual 5:18 17:8	agreed 3:23	amended 12:2	appropriately
accountant	addition 27:23	agreement 30:1	13:23	53:19
14:21 23:18	additional 14:2	30:10 46:15	amici 13:8	approval 57:15
36:12	27:24 53:9	52:24	amicus 1:23 2:8	approved 33:23
accountants 5:2	58:10	agreements 5:5	8:21 47:23	area 7:17
5:2,4 11:22	additionally	5:6,7	58:13	areas 41:22
13:17 36:15	52:21	aid 44:2	amount 18:17	argued 30:9
37:4	address 36:9	aided 27:10	Andersen 13:11	56:1
accounted 17:24	42:22,25 45:2	aider 21:12 22:6	13:25 14:3,18	arguing 28:1
28:16	addressed 13:6	22:15 23:9,10	14:24 15:2,20	argument 1:14
accounting 4:11	13:6 30:18	23:14,22 24:2	16:1,19 33:23	2:2,10 3:3,7
16:13,14 17:18	31:1,17 39:20	24:7,12 29:16	37:15,18,19	19:16 26:4

27:8,8,22,24	51:23	3:8 26:5 58:1	cared 18:15,19	30:2 35:23
28:1 40:13	automatically	<b>belief</b> 11:8,13	carry 8:9,15	43:6 46:11,12
41:12 47:22	22:16	believe 27:2	case 3:4,16 6:25	46:23,24 48:5
53:7 55:1,22	aware 13:25	29:2 43:5	8:20,22 10:11	48:7 50:18
57:25	48:11 54:14	51:14 52:18	10:23,25 12:1	53:1,12 58:20
arguments 13:7	awkward 55:21	belongs 51:2	21:17 26:11	58:21 59:3,17
27:12 28:4	<b>a.m</b> 1:15 3:2	benefit 4:7,8	27:1,12,19	certain 6:10
<b>Arthur</b> 13:11,25		benefited 29:18	31:4 36:5,11	15:19 18:17
14:18,24 15:2	B	benefits 8:10	36:11,25 37:9	certainly 8:2
15:19,25 16:19	<b>B</b> 6:22	better 9:17	37:14 39:1	10:2,3 12:7
33:23 37:15,18	<b>back</b> 6:24 7:13	14:23 25:17	43:4,19,23,25	13:12 18:20
37:19 38:9,11	7:17 19:7	47:14	44:21 45:3,8	23:14,15 50:1
38:16	35:14 40:22	<b>big</b> 33:12	46:9 49:4,15	52:19 55:9
<b>aside</b> 4:10	backdating	<b>bit</b> 24:19	50:4,11 51:8	56:1,23 57:20
asked 26:8	50:12	<b>books</b> 8:15 9:17	51:15,15,17	certification
asking 12:20,25	bailiwick 51:3	17:18	55:14,14,17,21	40:20 54:9
13:3,5	balance 11:10	<b>boost</b> 14:1	56:16 58:13,22	certifies 54:8
asserting 24:17	14:22	<b>bought</b> 17:19	59:1,19,20	<b>chains</b> 25:12,18
44:16	<b>ball</b> 6:17	box 32:5 33:15	cases 20:16	characterizati
assistance 12:10	<b>bank</b> 12:1,16	<b>boxes</b> 15:6	26:18 42:23,25	29:3
23:20 27:18	26:11,24 27:1	<b>brief</b> 8:22 50:5,7	45:19,20 47:15	characterizati
29:9 34:21	27:13 29:23	57:4 58:13,15	<b>cash</b> 16:2	29:13
36:4	30:2,3,8,10	briefed 56:1	categories 29:16	<b>charge</b> 30:5 33:5
assisted 52:13	35:23 43:6	briefs 30:9	43:6	charged 37:17
59:6	46:11,12,14,20	58:18	category 26:23	charging 33:5
assisting 54:10	46:20,23,24,24	<b>bring</b> 6:12 10:25	29:18 35:14	<b>Charter</b> 3:20,22
assume 29:5	46:25 48:6,7	12:9 42:10	42:16 45:8	3:23,24 4:4,9
42:13 43:19	50:18 53:2,13	45:18 47:16	54:18	4:24 5:1,4 8:9
<b>Assuming</b> 29:7	58:20,21 59:3	59:16	causal 25:8	8:13,14 9:15
attacked 5:16	59:17	<b>broad</b> 45:21	causation 27:4	9:16 11:20
attorney 5:18	<b>Barford</b> 33:24	brought 6:10	31:11,14 36:1	13:25 14:15
36:12	34:19	<b>burdened</b> 47:10	42:12,14 45:6	15:9,20 16:2
attorneys 36:22	barred 12:12	burdens 47:12	46:7 47:11	16:18 17:1,20
37:4	59:17	business 6:7,14	cause 5:9,11,12	17:21 20:19
attributed 31:4	barter 15:16,23	7:15 18:4,4	26:9,15 41:9	25:13,16 26:23
38:2	16:10,11	19:9 43:21	42:3,7 44:24	27:15 28:8,14
audit 13:18 14:3	bartering 16:8	<b>but-for</b> 31:10	46:18 47:7,8	28:15,15,18,21
<b>auditor</b> 39:2,22	16:12,13	<b>buy</b> 16:3 17:1	53:2,24	29:16 31:22
40:17,19 45:14	based 56:8,15	25:16	<b>caused</b> 46:16	32:7 33:9,12
54:7	<b>basic</b> 50:18	<b>bystanders</b> 3:19	causes 5:13	33:23 34:4
auditors 13:20	56:15		10:16 26:13	35:5,15 36:14
33:25 34:2	basis 5:17 12:4		caution 26:14	43:19 44:3
August 32:16	39:2	C 2:1 3:1 6:22	cautious 26:13	57:14 58:10
authority 12:9	bearing 45:3	call 12:21 44:11	53:20	Charter's 3:25
52:20	becoming 22:7	44:12	Central 11:25	11:22 15:3,25
authorize 53:15	behalf 1:18,20	care 8:13 9:15	12:16 26:11,24	17:17
authorized 38:2	1:22 2:4,6,8,12	18:18 19:3	27:1,13 29:23	Chicago 1:19

	1	<u> </u>	1	1
<b>Chief</b> 3:3,9 6:5	3:13 8:21 50:3	conceptual 17:6	construction	48:1,2,4 49:15
7:3,12 8:6	50:8	concerned 33:8	40:10	49:16 53:1,17
11:24 12:14,24	Commissioner	conditions 33:16	construing 6:8	53:19 55:10,19
17:15 25:10,25	58:17	<b>conduct</b> 3:17,21	consummate	56:2,2,2,4,7,20
26:3,6 47:18	commissioners	9:2,2 12:10,11	28:22	57:6 58:24,24
47:21,25 53:5	50:2 58:14	12:25 20:17	contains 36:24	59:3,17
55:20 56:7	<b>commit</b> 19:22	25:7,8,20,22	contract 14:9,9	<b>Court's</b> 11:3
57:22 59:18	22:24 45:8	28:3 44:18	14:16,17 16:24	26:11 48:5
<b>chose</b> 12:12	commits 43:10	48:11,19 50:10	16:25 17:12	50:17 53:12
<b>chosen</b> 49:16	committed 9:11	50:13 58:22,22	32:16 33:17	covered 3:17
<b>Circuit</b> 8:19,20	50:11	58:23,25	58:8	35:13
10:11	committee	conducted 13:18	contracts 15:16	Cox 58:17
Circuit's 45:2	58:14	confirming 14:4	15:22 50:12	create 3:21
circulated 38:1	committing	Congress 5:24	contrary 13:4	created 4:2 5:12
circulates 38:4	19:20 22:6	6:7,16 7:6,10	control 36:22	creating 4:14,21
circumstances	29:10 36:5	7:16,19 8:2	41:4	creation 5:15
36:19	communicate	10:23 11:25	conveyance 5:19	criminal 55:5
<b>cite</b> 34:19	30:23 32:10	12:2,6 13:2,6	Conyers 58:19	criminally 52:22
civil 51:10 55:6	communicated	19:13 26:16,18	<b>cooked</b> 16:20	critical 48:8
<b>claim</b> 12:9 16:21	17:22 31:3,9	27:6 28:19	cooperative	curiae 1:23 2:9
35:10 42:10	31:21 32:4	29:10 35:13	33:2,9,10,21	47:23
48:6	39:7	36:8 39:9,20	corporation	customers 33:6
claiming 4:3	communication	41:17 42:9,21	19:5,10	33:18
claims 12:12	32:12 39:11,15	42:24 43:2	corporations	
45:14	44:7 47:3	45:7,11,16	36:23	D
class 47:16	communicatio	47:15 50:3	correct 4:19	<b>D</b> 3:1
50:15 54:22	32:15	53:21	18:25 19:21,25	damages 24:24
classic 34:20	companies	Congressmen	31:18 37:18	24:25 25:9
classification	15:17	58:18	49:22	51:6
41:23	company 20:22	Congress's 35:8	correctly 28:16	<b>date</b> 32:16
clause 41:13,19	20:24 23:21	53:13	48:5	day 32:18
45:15	25:13,15 29:18	connected 16:7	correspondence	deal 17:20 45:9
clear 15:2 16:17	29:19 35:16,19	connection 3:14	34:24	dealt 39:9 41:11
16:18	40:23 41:4	7:8,25 25:12	cost 33:22 43:20	deceive 5:2,4
<b>clearly</b> 13:19	company's 18:5	27:14 28:7	52:10 58:6,7	11:22 13:19
26:24 53:16	23:20	42:11 43:8	counsel 36:23	deceived 13:11
58:9	comparison	45:6 46:6	counts 32:10	14:5 15:5
<b>client</b> 36:16 37:9	24:15	48:25 54:25	couple 42:15	deceiver 45:25
37:21	complaint 13:15	55:2,7,9,11,13	course 11:12	deceiving 21:7
close 19:1	13:23 30:9	59:10	32:23	deception 17:10
collect 24:17	34:10,11,18	conscious 25:11	court 1:1,14	17:11,11 27:14
come 20:19	56:17	consequence	3:10 5:23 6:1,2	28:7,11 29:19
34:25	complete 56:23	10:7 50:17	6:7,19 7:1,9	29:20 50:4
comes 19:1	57:17	consider 34:18	8:3,4 10:22	deceptive 3:13
23:18	conceded 30:3,7	considered 37:1	11:14,18 12:16	3:16,20 8:7,11
comment 18:14	58:23	considering	26:7,8,12 37:1	8:23,23 9:2,2
Commission	concept 45:11	53:13	46:13 47:20	9:11 10:13
	concept 75.11	33.13	TU.13 T1.20	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

	•	•	•	•
11:4,5 12:10	30:13	26:19 29:11	35:15,19 52:23	50:19 54:19
12:11,25 17:8	depends 36:17	displaced 59:14	54:1	55:11,12
19:20,23 20:17	Deputy 1:21	dispositive	element 18:11	et 1:8 3:5
21:2,3,6,6,14	derived 11:18	49:17	35:24 47:6	evaluate 35:10
21:14,17,18	describes 27:15	disseminated	48:8,21 54:20	event 52:19
22:1,2,5,7,11	27:16	50:21,22 54:10	elements 5:9,10	exact 29:22
22:13,24 23:5	description	54:22 56:18,19	6:11 17:4	exactly 10:8
23:16 24:1,3	29:23 31:16	56:22	22:18,19 48:20	13:15 14:6
24:10,12 25:20	designed 58:9	distinction	48:22 49:13	15:10 16:21
25:22 26:25	59:15	20:11,12	53:2 54:4	20:3 21:20
27:9,10,24	determination	distinguish	elusive 47:10	27:15,16 32:25
30:3,6 43:14	25:5 43:4 56:8	45:23 46:1	<b>employ</b> 27:13	43:6,10
48:11,19 50:10	develop 12:4	distinguishes	enabled 30:11	example 5:16
51:2 56:9 57:8	developing 6:8	21:11,11	enables 24:3	34:20 42:2
58:21,22,23,25	<b>device</b> 3:13 27:9	distribute 47:13	enabling 22:7	43:18,18
decide 29:12	27:10 57:8	51:24,25	<b>enacted</b> 5:24 7:6	excessive 45:10
35:11	devices 3:16	distribution	7:20	Exchange 3:12
decided 25:16	difference 17:4	46:16	enforcement	8:21 26:17
49:18 55:24	17:6 19:16	district 49:16	55:6,16	59:11
decision 11:4	23:2,25 37:24	56:1,2 58:24	engage 10:12	exchanging
12:15,16,17,19	39:18	document 4:2	19:8,12 20:3	15:17
45:2,4 48:5	different 16:1	13:21 15:5	20:17 21:13	excluded 39:24
53:12,15 56:8	18:22 21:21	<b>doing</b> 43:20 44:2	22:11 25:22	exclusively 40:5
57:7	22:22 55:8	44:2	30:6 42:6	excuse 58:3
decisions 50:18	diligent 13:18	<b>doubt</b> 11:14	43:14	executives 11:20
decline 51:6	diluting 26:9	drafting 37:5	engaged 9:2	existence 50:21
declined 53:22	direct 41:9	drafts 36:24	21:2 30:3 59:6	expand 26:8
<b>defend</b> 30:16	46:17	drawer 34:24	enjoying 44:3	expanding 7:15
defendant 11:9	directed 7:8	<b>Dura</b> 5:23	ensnare 10:12	26:13,15 53:20
27:13 30:22	43:15	<b>duty</b> 32:14	enter 19:2	expansive 53:17
50:22 53:4	directly 31:17	46:20	entered 29:24	<b>expect</b> 39:15
59:5,6	37:4 44:24	<b>D.C</b> 1:10,22	30:10 58:8	expected 34:4
defense 40:10	disagree 50:6		entering 17:11	expense 15:7
deferred 52:23	disclose 32:14		entire 24:17,18	expenses 4:5
definition 59:13	disclosed 50:14	<b>E</b> 2:1 3:1,1	entirely 23:12	14:12
<b>defraud</b> 8:25 9:3	disclosure 36:24	earlier 18:14 19:8 37:14	entitled 51:9	<b>expert</b> 26:19
9:8 18:10	37:6		equate 26:21	29:11 35:9
19:13 20:18	discussed 16:16	easily 12:11	eroding 26:11	41:11 42:22,24
22:22 25:21,23	discussing 23:16	eating 25:11	erred 48:2	45:8
deliberately	discussion 10:10	economic 32:21 32:24	<b>ESQ</b> 1:17,19,21	explicitly 41:15
23:18 37:4	56:6 57:18	economy 45:10	2:3,5,7,11	expressed 50:5,7
delivered 16:2	disgorge 52:7	effect 19:18 23:6	essence 35:2	extend 12:20
delivering 15:9	disgorged 52:17	46:4 50:3,9	45:24	13:1
<b>Department</b>	disgorgement	<b>effort</b> 6:16 45:9	establish 48:7	extension 13:4
1:22 52:21	51:10,12,18,24 52:2	<b>Eighth</b> 45:1	54:20,25 55:5 55:7	extent 25:7 48:2
dependent 13:9	disinterested	either 10:5	established	<b>eyes</b> 19:1
depending	uisiiitei esteu	10.5	cstavnsneu	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

	l <b></b>		l	l
<b>F</b>	first 5:22 19:18	18:10 23:6	31:15 37:16,18	head 44:18,22
<b>face</b> 34:18	25:2 30:25	25:21	39:2 43:21	hear 3:3
facilitate 24:5,9	45:12 57:10	G	<b>good</b> 6:16 10:10	hearing 13:7
24:11	<b>fits</b> 27:19 36:5		govern 24:22	heightened 11:2
facilitated 46:15	<b>five</b> 4:18 28:25	<b>G</b> 1:21 2:7 3:1	governed 27:12	11:15 22:20
facilitates 24:3	flow 25:1	47:22	government	held 7:1 18:5
facilitating 3:20	<b>focus</b> 49:17	General 1:21	28:3 42:8	19:4,9 37:19
<b>fact</b> 4:10 6:8	followed 14:10	46:3	51:19 55:16,16	38:7,18 39:21
8:14 14:12	53:13	general's 5:18	government's	39:23 42:5
17:13 35:7	follows 15:15	<b>getting</b> 10:19,19	27:8 48:14	48:3,5
39:9	18:9	20:10 33:2	<b>grand</b> 11:19,19	<b>help</b> 21:1
facts 11:2,7	footnote 38:12	Ginsburg 4:17	gross 15:21	<b>helps</b> 44:20
28:14,15 29:3	forecloses 48:6	4:20 14:14,19	grossly 24:6	hesitate 55:3
29:4	<b>forget</b> 38:13	15:1 24:13,23	Grossman 1:17	<b>higher</b> 4:18 14:1
fail 27:5	<b>form</b> 5:17	26:21 27:7,22	2:3,11 3:6,7,9	14:8,10,11
<b>failed</b> 14:3 32:8	<b>forth</b> 5:13	28:21 29:5,14	4:12,19 5:8,21	hike 33:6
fails 32:11	forward 8:10	29:25 30:2,5	6:19 7:6,19	history 41:15
fair 22:23 51:22	12:18	31:23 32:2,4	8:17 9:10,19	Holdings 6:20
fairly 5:23	<b>four</b> 4:17 28:25	32:19,21 33:4	9:23 10:2,8,21	home 33:25 35:3
false 15:8 23:21	<b>Franks</b> 58:18	33:11,14 35:2	11:12 12:6,23	<b>Honor</b> 4:13 5:22
37:5 38:17,18	<b>fraud</b> 3:20 17:16	35:12,19 40:14	13:3,12,16	6:19 7:1 9:4
40:19,24 42:4	17:17 24:16	40:18,21 41:1	14:7,18 15:1	10:21 13:4,13
46:16 50:12	28:22 29:10	41:6 42:15	15:12,15 16:10	14:7 15:13
54:8 58:9	34:12,12 36:5	44:14 45:23	16:23 17:6,10	16:24 18:9
falsehood 36:25	54:11 56:16	50:25 51:5,11	17:23 18:8,19	20:17 24:21
42:7	<b>frauds</b> 18:4 19:9	51:17 52:1,5	18:25 19:12,22	26:2 32:13
falsehoods 38:5	fraudulent	52:16 57:2,6	19:25 20:6,16	33:19 37:12
falsely 4:3 13:21	30:11	give 20:23 26:15	21:8,13,20,24	41:3 48:18
falsifies 23:19	free 4:13,15,23	27:18 28:24	22:8,10,13,17	49:5,12 50:1
far 18:22 46:22	33:2 35:3	36:4 56:5 58:9	23:1,4,10,14	51:4 55:3,4,25
<b>fashion</b> 52:20	friend 26:8	59:15	24:9,13,20,25	56:12 57:9
55:18	40:13 41:12	given 50:2 53:12	25:10,19 26:1	hope 10:25
favor 20:20	friends 59:10	<b>gives</b> 20:24	26:2 57:24,25	hopelessly 46:5
36:16	<b>full</b> 38:5 57:10	36:13	58:2 59:19	House 58:14
<b>Federal</b> 11:19	fully 55:22,23	giving 17:1	guided 11:25	<b>Hungar</b> 1:21 2:7
fictitious 3:21	56:6	21:22 23:19	guy 21:1	47:21,22,25
fiduciary 46:21	fundamental	34:20		48:13,17,24
<b>field</b> 53:8,11	52:25	<b>glove</b> 27:20 36:6	H	49:5,7,12,22
file 34:24	<b>funds</b> 47:14	<b>go</b> 6:7 7:13 18:4	handled 26:19	49:25 51:4,9
<b>filled</b> 16:2	51:22	25:18,19 35:14	<b>happen</b> 29:21	51:14,20 52:3
financial 4:25	further 9:3	goes 19:7 57:13	50:24	52:8,18 53:10
23:19 42:4	10:14 11:6	<b>going</b> 6:24 8:15	happened 25:14	54:2,7 55:3,25
54:8 57:14	12:4 22:21	9:15,16 10:18	happening	56:11 57:3,9
<b>find</b> 36:14	23:5 31:15	12:18,19 14:6	30:14	57:23 58:5
fines 51:10,18	furtherance	14:25 16:21	<b>harm</b> 46:17,18	<b>hurt</b> 19:10
51:24	9:12,14 25:23	18:5 19:10	harming 45:10	hypothetical
finish 24:14	furthering 8:25	20:2,12 28:24	<b>Hawaii</b> 20:22	22:1
11111311 44.14				
	ı ————————————————————————————————————	<u>I</u>	ı	I

			I	I
I	50:1 53:3	34:22,23 35:5	22:4,9,12,14	37:8 41:20
<b>III</b> 1:19	<b>Individuals</b> 37:1	36:13 38:1,4	22:23 23:2,8	54:24
illusion 4:14,22	<b>induce</b> 38:23	43:8,20 46:23	23:12,24 24:13	kickbacks 18:3
17:12	inferred 6:2,3	46:24 47:2,3	24:23 25:10,25	<b>kind</b> 6:9,17 7:3
impartial 35:10	inflation 38:14	47:14 51:1,25	26:3,6,21 27:7	20:13 31:10,12
<b>implied</b> 7:10,17	inflationary	invocation	27:21,21 28:10	44:13 45:24
8:4 26:9,13,15	33:16	50:21	28:21 29:5,14	kinds 47:15
48:9 53:18,20	inform 12:4	invoke 50:20	29:25 30:2,5	knew 8:9 9:9,11
implying 6:15	information	invoking 42:5	30:15,21,24	9:16 11:9 14:6
<b>import</b> 9:14	11:8,9,13 19:6	involved 24:16	31:6,13,23	14:8,24 16:21
import 9.14 important 10:9	informed 11:21	involves 12:10	32:2,4,19,21	34:11 37:16
45:9,11 47:9	injured 5:19	50:12	33:4,11,14	46:24
56:12	innocent 23:13	in-connection	34:6,9,15 35:2	know 8:14 10:16
	inquiries 47:11	27:5,22 36:1	35:12,19 36:7	10:17 12:21
importantly 45:7	insist 43:13	in-house 36:23	36:10,18,20	14:9 15:2,3
	instance 20:19	issue 57:11,18	37:3,8,13,21	18:5 19:4,9
imposed 17:16	48:25 54:7	58:21 59:2	37:24 38:6,9	29:22 31:15
17:17	Insurance 6:25	issued 37:25	38:11,22,25	37:18 39:1
imposing 6:9	integral 3:21	issuer's 46:15	39:5,11,14,17	41:20,25 43:20
improve 11:10	intended 6:7	54:11	39:25 40:3,7,9	44:1,9 49:8
included 15:21	7:11 9:3,6 12:7	issues 40:19	40:14,18,21	50:7 51:14
42:2	19:13 42:21,24	issuing 23:21	41:1,6,20	knowing 29:9
including 27:4	45:7 59:15	155umg 25.21	42:13,15,20,24	knowingly 24:5
35:24,25 36:1	intent 9:14,25	J	43:12,17,18,25	27:18 34:20
39:22	19:19 20:14	jack 38:15	44:9,12,14,19	36:4
inconsistent	43:2	jacking 43:22	45:23 46:8,12	knowledge 10:1
13:1	intentional	job 46:25	47:5,9,18,21	10:4,6 19:19
incorporate	45:19,22	joint 13:24	47:25 48:13,22	20:13
4:24	intentionally	judgment 10:20	49:3,6,8,19,23	known 9:6 22:15
increase 13:21	24:6	11:1 20:4,6	50:25 51:5,11	knows 28:14
33:21 50:13	<b>interest</b> 33:13	35:8 47:5	51:17 52:1,5	38:16,17
increased 4:3,4	invest 43:14	jury 11:19,20	52:16,21 53:5	36.10,17
4:24 14:12	investing 57:12	Justice 1:22 3:3	53:25 54:5,24	$\overline{\mathbf{L}}$
15:7 16:8	Investing 57.12 Investment 1:3	3:9 4:6,17,19	55:20 56:7	lack 45:6
increasing 15:6	3:4	5:8 6:5 7:3,12	57:2,6,22	large 13:12
15:8	investments	8:6 9:6,13,21	59:18	Laughter 49:11
independent	43:15	9:25 10:4,8,15	justifications	law 5:25 6:8 7:7
40:9 41:7,8		11:7,24 12:14	50:13	7:20 10:24
indicate 39:2	investor 23:7 27:19 38:23	12:24 13:9,14	30.13	31:5 41:21,22
indictment 5:3		13:22 14:14,19	K	45:13
11:20,21 33:24	44:24,25	15:1,10,14	keep 36:16	lawyer 38:3
34:19	investors 3:22	16:1,5,17 17:3	<b>KENNEDY</b> 4:6	lawyers 47:16
indifference	6:12 8:25	17:7,15 18:2	18:2,13,22	legal 34:16
10:6	18:16 25:17	18:13,13,22	19:7 27:21	legislate 6:16
indirect 47:12	30:8,12,13,18	19:7,15,24	28:10 34:6,9	legislating 7:16
indirectly 3:14	30:23 31:2,4,9	20:1,9 21:5,9	34:15 36:7,10	legislative 41:15
3:14	31:18,21,25	21:16,21,23,25	36:18,20 37:3	legitimate 15:18
individual 42:10	32:5,13,14	41.10,41,43,43	30.10,20 37.3	regiumate 13.18

1	1		Ī	ı
<b>letter</b> 38:4,13	2:11 26:4	mismanageme	50:14	21:1 24:16
let's 8:10 25:12	57:25	18:3	New 1:17	54:3,17
37:14 42:13	Macondua	misrepresenta	<b>Ninth</b> 8:19,19	ordered 11:22
43:19	36:25	5:19	10:11	ordinary 14:23
liability 7:25	maintain 10:6	misrepresenta	nodding 44:18	ought 53:17
8:16,24 12:2	<b>making</b> 20:11	48:4 57:14	44:22	outside 37:3
13:1 19:17,18	34:21 54:14	missing 44:7,25	non 12:20 46:17	overcharge 3:23
21:11,12 24:22	manager 20:21	misstatement	normal 4:18	overlap 42:17
25:3 27:4	manufacturing	14:10 30:8	<b>number</b> 18:3,9	42:18 43:1,2
30:17 31:1,16	4:5 14:12 15:7	34:23 56:14	18:11 25:1	44:13,20,20
35:24 36:14	<b>market</b> 12:25	57:12	58:12,20 59:9	overrides 46:5,6
41:19 43:23	17:16,17 32:13	misstatements	numbers 20:21	46:7
44:16 53:9,14	38:21 39:7,12	34:21	<b>N.Y</b> 1:17	overrule 12:19
53:16,20,23	44:7,17 48:10	mistakenly		P
54:17	50:14,16,23	21:25	$\frac{0}{0.2121}$	
liable 24:18	54:13,13,22	monetary 51:1	O 2:1 3:1	P 3:1
26:24 36:25	56:14,16	52:15,22	<b>obtain</b> 51:9	page 2:2 56:3,5
37:2,8,10,19	marketplace	money 3:24 4:1	52:22	56:11 57:3,9
38:7,19 39:23	17:22	8:12 14:13	<b>obtained</b> 52:8,9	pages 57:4
41:5 42:5	markets 41:9	15:3,9,25 16:9	52:14	paid 32:7
<b>limit</b> 5:16	materiality	16:15 17:1	obtains 24:1	panoply 45:21
limitation 18:6	18:12 48:25	24:1 32:7	obvious 4:21	paragraph
limitations 18:8	matter 1:13 52:4	33:22 58:6,7	obviously 51:5	13:23
limits 6:10	52:12 59:21	Motorola 9:1	occupies 53:8,11	Pardon 40:2
line 19:18 24:8	mean 5:11 6:14	13:10 16:19	October 1:11	part 8:7 13:13
53:4 57:10	8:10 9:6 10:18	18:15 57:11	official 50:8	17:9 19:17,20
link 25:18	13:19 16:12	mouse 47:14	<b>oh</b> 9:10 32:23	45:9 48:14
litigant 42:10	31:6 34:15	move 22:3	39:13 40:25 44:22	52:23,24
litigation 45:10	48:25	multiple 7:24	· ·	participate 37:5
little 55:21	measure 24:24	8:1 59:13	okay 16:3 38:12 39:3	participated 34:12
LLC 1:4	24:25	N	omission 56:10	•=
long 25:20 34:24	meet 27:6	N 2:1,1 3:1	omissions 48:4	particular 25:1
look 9:17 14:21	mentioned 10:5		once 53:22	25:6,8
19:2 20:20	merely 34:14	narrowing 13:5 nature 25:6		particularity 20:7 22:20
25:6,7,15,17	55:10	necessarily 9:25	opening 57:4 opinion 38:4	particularized
41:15	middle 26:23	necessary 8:7	49:3,6,10,20	11:2
looked 8:12	29:17	14:15 17:8	57:19	parties 20:2
53:21	million 58:10	need 5:18 10:3	<b>opinions</b> 38:1	59:13
looking 13:22	mind 20:4	11:16 23:8	opportunity	Partners 1:4 3:4
57:6	minutes 57:24	28:22 49:14	55:17	party 5:19
loss 24:17,18	misconduct	needs 10:2	<b>opposite</b> 13:15	party 5.19 pass 5:1 11:15
27:4 36:1	45:19,20	negligent 45:20	oral 1:13 2:2 3:7	pass 3.1 11.13 passive 3:19
42:11,14 45:5	mislead 45:14	negligently 24:6	26:4 47:22	payable 51:19
46:7	<b>misleading</b> 4:11 27:19	negotiating 37:5	orbed 56:6	paying 14:1,8
	27:19 misleads 39:22	Neither 48:10	order 5:1,3	16:9 33:8,9
<b>M</b> 1:17,19 2:3,5	40:17	never 31:21 32:1	15:20 20:24	payment 14:17
2.2 1.17,17 2.3,3	<del>4</del> 0.1/		10.20 20.21	Paymont 11.17
				<u> </u>

	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
payments 4:4	player 24:19	presents 17:12	45:16,17 47:6	42:2
28:25	players 8:1	preserves 41:14	47:7,8 51:3,5	<b>PSLRA</b> 10:24
pejorative 29:3	<b>plead</b> 20:10	preserving	52:25 53:2,15	11:3,16 13:6
<b>people</b> 13:19	22:19	41:16	59:12	20:8 24:21
18:4 19:8	<b>pleading</b> 11:3,15	presumably	problem 4:14	25:4 45:12
29:18 38:20	22:20	52:10,11 54:15	problems 28:1	<b>public</b> 28:23
percent 32:16	<b>please</b> 3:10 26:7	presumption	proceed 29:12	57:12
38:16 43:23	48:1	50:19 56:15	35:11 52:20,22	publication
perfectly 15:17	<b>pled</b> 20:7	pretty 9:16	proceeding	36:13
44:1 56:23	<b>point</b> 5:22 7:4	prevent 30:14	39:23	publicly 18:5
<b>period</b> 20:21	34:16 45:4	previously 6:2,2	proceedings	19:4,9 25:13
50:15 54:23	47:9 52:4,25	7:9	55:6	25:15 49:23
<b>permit</b> 45:16	pointing 34:14	<b>price</b> 4:17 13:21	products 32:25	50:9,21 54:9
permits 16:14	<b>points</b> 58:3,16	14:17 15:6	33:1	56:18,19,22
permitted 45:18	policy 35:8	19:10,11 32:6	profits 18:6	purchase 3:15
person 3:14	<b>pose</b> 10:23	32:25 33:4,15	25:17 52:5	4:1 5:6 15:4
12:22 24:2	posed 42:15	43:22 50:13	prohibit 3:13	58:8
35:15 39:21,22	<b>position</b> 9:22,23	51:7	prohibited 22:2	purchasing 4:16
42:3	20:2 30:16,25	<b>prices</b> 14:1,8,10	prohibits 24:11	4:22 17:13,14
persons 36:23	35:17 48:14,15	14:11 32:16	promulgated	purpose 4:21
41:4,4	48:17,18 49:7	38:15	3:12	8:24 9:9 10:11
person's 25:20	49:9,24 50:4,5	primarily 26:24	properly 14:3	10:18 11:5
perspective	50:6 58:12,16	primary 7:24	15:19 17:24	18:10,23,24
32:24 33:20	possible 29:20	12:21 23:15,23	28:19	20:18,25,25
petition 56:3,5	37:11 54:2	24:10 27:2	proportionate	21:4,4,7,10
57:1	power 47:13	35:22 43:7,23	7:25 24:21	22:21 23:6
petitioner 1:5,18	practice 8:8,11	44:4,6,9,15	25:3	25:21 31:23
2:4,12 3:8 21:7	43:14 51:2	54:11,12,15,18	proposal 18:7	46:4
21:19 44:21	precedent 26:11	59:7	propose 21:12	purposes 30:20
48:7,10 50:20	precisely 16:7	principal 22:5,7	proposed 8:18	pursue 41:16
53:18 58:1	preclusion	22:16,17 23:25	8:19,20	52:13
Petitioners	54:17	24:7 54:1	proposing 6:10	pursued 54:15
50:16 54:19	preferably	principally	proposition	pursuing 9:5
56:25	55:15	11:19	13:10	<b>put</b> 12:24
Petitioner's 48:6	prepares 36:12	principals 20:4	prosecuted 42:7	<b>puts</b> 4:10 40:23
56:13	prerequisite	20:14 22:25	prosecution	<b>p.m</b> 59:20
petty 18:3	50:20	principle 5:9	52:23	
<b>phony</b> 19:3	prerequisites	16:13,14 41:24	prospectus	Q
20:24 21:1	27:3	principles 4:11	30:11 46:16	qua 46:17
28:25	prescribed	19:18	<b>prove</b> 59:4,5,7	quarrel 43:17
picked 6:17	47:15	<b>private</b> 5:13,18	provide 25:4	<b>question</b> 10:23
placing 29:2	present 48:23	5:24 6:1,3,12	53:14,23	16:11 19:8
plaintiff 26:16	presented 55:15	6:15,21 7:1,7,9	provides 59:12	25:11 26:22
48:7	55:22,23 56:25	7:14,20,21,22	provision 6:11	30:25 35:20
plaintiffs 12:3	57:4,21	8:4 10:24 12:3	41:14 51:22	40:22 42:14,17
27:5 58:23	presenting	12:5,7,18,19	provisions 7:25	43:1 44:14
plaintiff's 59:4	55:23	39:24,24 41:19	24:22 25:4	48:18 49:24

	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	1
50:1 51:21	recklessness	50:15,23 57:12	26:5 31:8	S 2:1 3:1
53:14,22 55:14	10:5	relief 51:25 52:2	38:14 47:24	<b>sale</b> 3:15
56:24 57:20	recognize 15:24	rely 40:12 43:8	48:12 50:11,24	sales 20:20
questions 47:11	28:17	relying 46:25	54:21,21 56:21	34:23
49:2,13	recognized 7:21	54:13	57:16	sanction 52:24
quick 58:3	7:22,23 8:1	remedies 41:14	restatement	sanctions 52:23
quite 7:5 13:4	recognizes 5:23	41:16 45:22	41:21	Sarbanes-Oxley
40:10 54:11	record 34:2,3,4	51:10 59:12	restitutionary	39:21 40:13
	recording 16:14	remedy 51:8,18	52:24	41:13,18 45:13
R	recoveries 52:15	remove 45:7	rests 56:14	45:15 51:22,23
<b>R</b> 3:1	recovery 51:1	removed 45:13	result 47:17	sat 16:20 34:24
raised 44:14	refer 15:16	46:23	return 3:25	satisfied 35:24
49:18 57:1	reference 28:5	renegotiate	revenue 16:8,15	36:2,3 53:3
raises 44:13	referring 13:17	33:17,17 38:15	58:11	54:4
raising 32:15	refinement 45:2	report 3:22	revenues 3:22	satisfy 21:3
rate 29:1	reflected 5:3	representation	4:24 14:1,22	22:18 27:3
rates 4:18	<b>reform</b> 5:25 7:7	24:1,3	14:23 15:21,21	savings 41:13
rationale 36:21	7:21 10:24	require 28:2	15:24 28:17,24	45:15
reached 49:19	45:9	required 20:7	34:2,3,5 35:6,6	saying 14:11
read 59:10	refused 41:17	28:19 34:8	reversed 6:23	16:6,7 27:2,7
real 20:11	45:16	requirement	reversing 45:4	31:14,15 38:12
reality 20:12	<b>regard</b> 42:11	26:10 46:6,7	<b>right</b> 6:1,3,21	38:14 44:19,23
realize 20:9	regular 32:6	46:10 47:6	7:1,9,14,18,21	says 11:21 13:24
really 8:13	reinstate 41:18	requirements	7:23 8:5 10:8	14:21 19:1
18:15,18 23:24	rejected 46:3	26:10 49:1	16:17 21:8	20:20 36:3
24:7 36:17	relating 16:13	requires 28:2	29:17 48:9	41:15
reason 4:3 5:9	<b>relation</b> 21:6,18	50:20 55:9	51:19 53:1,18	<b>Scalia</b> 5:8 9:6,13
5:20 6:6 10:14	relationship	56:17	59:16	9:21,25 10:15
13:21 14:11,13	25:8 46:21	reserve 43:3	rights 6:15	11:7 15:10,14
14:13 15:8,12	released 50:9	resolution 56:24	12:20 53:20	16:2,5 21:9,23
15:14,15 16:23	reliance 17:19	resolve 49:14	59:12	21:25 22:4,9
19:5 32:17	17:21 26:10	resolved 49:15	ROBERTS 3:3	22:12,14,23
33:10,15 37:23	27:4 30:20	55:14 56:3	6:5 7:3,12 8:6	23:2,8,12,24
37:25 39:14	31:11 35:25	respect 12:18,19	11:24 12:14,24	43:12,17 53:25
reasonable 39:6	38:24 41:9	24:22 25:14	17:15 25:10,25	54:5
56:24	42:11,14 44:24	50:24 53:3	26:3 47:18,21	Scalia's 18:14
reasons 5:22	45:5 46:6,9,19	54:20 59:2,9	53:5 55:20	scheme 3:21
26:14 55:13	47:6,12 48:8	Respondent 4:2	56:7 57:22	8:24,25 9:3,12
REBUTTAL	49:18 50:6,18	15:4 38:17,18	59:18	10:14 11:6
2:10 57:25	50:19 54:20	39:1	role 53:9	16:20 18:10,17
receive 3:24	55:1,5,8,11	Respondents	rule 3:12,18	19:21 22:21
33:1 52:16	56:4,12,13,15	1:20,24 2:6,9	6:22 8:5 36:15	23:6 25:1,21
received 4:13	56:17,21,24	3:16,19,23	rules 6:4	25:23 35:3
14:2	57:1,18 58:21	4:25 5:4 11:21	<b>ruling</b> 36:16	42:6 44:3
receiving 4:23	59:2,4,8	13:5,7 16:22	running 6:18	schemes 5:16,17
reckless 9:20	relied 34:23	17:1,9,25	<u> </u>	19:13
18:20	47:2 48:10	19:17 20:2,13		scienter 10:2,3

49:1	seeking 13:25	47:8,19,20	21:21 30:15,21	23:20 24:14
Scientific-Atla	24:20,23 51:6	53:6 58:5	30:24 31:6,13	27:25 28:2
1:7 3:5 9:1	seeks 50:20	share 51:6	37:13,21,24	30:17 31:1,6,7
13:10 16:19	seller 16:15	shareholders	38:6,9,11,22	31:17 35:4,25
17:20 18:15	selling 32:25	9:4,8 18:11	38:25 39:5,11	36:12,24 39:3
25:14	sense 18:17	20:19 46:17	39:14,17,25	39:7 40:24
Scientific-Atla	23:23	shares 18:5	40:3,7,9 42:13	41:10 42:4,4
4:2,7 8:8,11,16	sensibly 5:15	19:10,11	42:20,24 43:18	43:8,13 44:17
9:7 57:11	sentence 57:10	sheet 14:22	43:25 44:9,12	44:17 47:1
se 53:11	57:13	sheets 11:10	44:19 49:23	48:11 50:8,22
SEC 5:17 6:12	separate 5:5	Sherman 6:6	speak 38:20	56:10,19,22
12:8 35:9 36:8	14:24 15:11	short 11:8	40:14 41:9	statements 4:25
39:23 41:11,16	27:23 43:5	show 4:9 10:17	speaker 28:20	23:22 31:8,21
41:16 45:18,21	separates 23:3	showing 11:4	38:10	35:6 37:6 54:8
45:23 46:1	September	side 24:14 30:10	speaking 13:24	54:13
47:10,12,13	32:20	59:10	28:13 57:10	States 1:1,14,23
49:23 50:8,25	serious 22:19	signal 6:16	special 26:14	2:8 47:23 55:5
51:7,9,23	set 5:12 32:5	silence 32:9	specific 6:11	stating 13:21
52:11,13,20	35:5	45:24,25	12:15 37:14	status 11:11
55:4 58:12	settlements 25:2	silent 32:9	specifying 6:12	statute 3:18 5:13
59:16	47:17	similar 8:18	speculative	7:8 12:2 22:3
second 57:10	set-top 15:6	12:8 42:15	47:11	28:2 40:7
secondary 12:23	sham 16:25,25	52:14,19	speech 32:9	49:21 53:7
53:14,16,23,23	33:14	simple 32:17	45:25	statutes 42:1
secret 30:1,10	<b>Shapiro</b> 1:19 2:5	simple 32.17 simply 27:10	speeches 50:2	statutes 42.1 statutory 28:6
46:15	26:3,4,6 27:1	Simpson 8:20,22	spend 8:12	statutory 20.0 step 23:5
section 3:11 6:4	27:11 28:4,12	10:10 58:13	spoke 31:25	<b>STEPHEN</b> 1:19
6:4 19:14	29:2,7,22 30:1	sine 46:17	spoke 51.25 spoken 54:12	2:5 26:4
24:11 26:17	30:4,7,19,22	sir 37:23	spread 14:16	Steve 38:3
36:3 39:10,20	31:3,10,19,25	situation 23:15	spring 58:15	<b>Stevens</b> 46:8,12
42:2,3,5,6,22	32:2,3,12,20	29:8 45:24	squarely 3:17	47:5,9 48:13
43:10 45:14,19	32:23 33:7,12	<b>slippery</b> 29:12	39:9 55:15	48:22 49:3,6,8
45:20,21 48:3	33:19 34:7,13	small 24:15	56:3,25 57:4	49:19
48:8 51:22	34:17 35:8,18	sold 17:19	stage 10:20 11:1	stock 10:16
59:11,11	35:22 36:8,17	solely 42:25 44:2	stake 35:16,16	11:11 34:25
securities 3:12	36:19,22 37:7	<b>Solicitor</b> 1:21	standard 11:15	35:15,16,20
8:21 27:14	37:11,20,23,25	46:3	27:5 46:4	stocks 17:19
28:7 30:12	38:3,7,10,20	somebody 19:1	standards 11:3	Stoneridge 1:3
43:9	38:23 39:4,8	21:18 28:14	22:20	3:4
security 3:15	39:13,16,19	29:9 36:4 43:7	<b>standing</b> 28:11	strictly 58:25
5:25 7:7,20	40:2,5,8,12,16	somewhat 52:14	STANLEY 1:17	strongest 46:9
10:24	40:19,25 41:3	sort 7:4 34:7	2:3,11 3:7	structured
SEC's 46:2 51:3	41:8,20,25	35:10	57:25	17:20
see 9:7 17:3 18:6	42:19,21 43:5	sounds 14:20	started 32:17	subdivisions
23:24 43:2	43:16,24 44:6	Souter 10:4,9	state 20:3 46:21	6:22
57:2	44:11,15,22	19:15,24 20:1	stated 46:20	submissions
seek 52:11	46:2,8,11,13	20:9 21:5,16	statement 23:19	31:20

	ī	ī	1	1
<b>submit</b> 58:15	tailor 55:17	56:19	33:20,24 34:1	urge 55:10
submitted 8:22	take 14:13 20:22	things 15:17	34:3 39:3 44:4	urging 53:18
58:13 59:19,21	23:4 30:15,25	think 5:21,23	52:14	use 3:13 24:15
subsection	34:17 35:17	6:6 9:19 10:9	transactions	27:13 28:7
13:24	48:15,18 51:7	10:21 12:6	14:4 28:16,19	30:11
subset 8:5	51:23 54:24	13:4,16 18:8	43:9	<b>usual</b> 29:1
substance 31:20	58:12	18:14 20:16	trap 47:14	usually 40:18
32:22,24	taken 6:9 7:16	21:22 25:19	<b>trial</b> 10:15,16	
substantial 12:9	7:20 48:17,24	26:22 28:5	42:23 47:16	V
23:20 27:18	49:7,8,23	30:19 31:15	<b>trip</b> 20:22	<b>v</b> 1:6 3:4
29:9 34:20	talk 56:11	46:5 49:17	true 28:13 29:4	<b>vague</b> 46:5
36:4 52:15,22	<b>talked</b> 33:25	51:21 52:15	33:4,7	validly 18:7
substantially	talking 40:16	53:25 54:16	trustee 29:24	valuable 25:15
59:6	54:6	55:7,8,13,25	30:13	<b>value</b> 34:18
subtract 25:2	tank 10:16	57:20	<b>trying</b> 13:19	52:10,11
sue 12:3	Tellabs 10:22	thinking 20:25	24:15 29:19	various 3:15
suffice 28:3	11:4,15	third 41:22	Tuesday 1:11	<b>vendor</b> 39:22
sufficient 31:11	telling 15:20	42:16	turn 58:20	<b>vendors</b> 14:1,3,4
39:19 47:1	21:16	<b>THOMAS</b> 1:21	<b>turned</b> 58:21	14:8 24:18
suggest 14:24	tells 43:6	2:7 47:22	twice 45:12	27:16 28:8,17
53:16 55:10	term 10:22	thought 9:21	53:22	28:22 29:9
suggested 28:13	terms 28:6	21:16 23:24	two 5:21 14:24	32:9,10,15,24
suggestion 7:13	test 8:17,18,20	27:8,22,25	15:16 18:11	33:20,22 34:22
7:14	10:11 17:4	34:10 40:14	23:3 24:8	43:9 46:22
suit 39:24	18:11 21:4	57:7,19	29:15 38:13	47:3 51:12
suitcase 16:2	22:18 36:1	three 50:5 57:24	50:6 58:12	52:6,13 57:15
<b>suits</b> 41:17 51:3	42:12	58:3,20 59:9	<b>type</b> 59:16	58:6
51:5	testified 50:2	thrown 33:2		verbal 48:3
summarized	58:14	time 5:23,25 8:3	U	view 45:5 46:2,9
32:1	testimony 58:17	8:4 14:2,15	understand	53:17 54:24
summary 10:20	tests 27:6 36:2	25:11 33:3	10:13 16:5	viewed 28:6
11:1	text 3:11,17	50:14	19:5,15 24:8	violation 6:21
Superintendent	thank 3:9 25:25	times 4:18 20:1	37:17 48:14	7:2 47:6 48:15
6:24	26:2,6 47:18	28:25 42:16	56:13	48:20 49:4,20
supporting 1:23	47:20,25 57:22	timing 53:12	understanding	59:7
2:9 47:24	58:2 59:18	today 13:7	8:2	violator 12:21
58:16	theory 8:7 9:5	<b>told</b> 5:5 14:14	understood 4:25	23:15 24:10
suppose 8:10	13:9 20:14	14:14,19 15:11	5:1 17:25	27:2 35:23
39:6 51:7	36:10 37:9	33:23	18:20 21:24	43:7 54:12,15
supposed 41:10	51:1 56:13,16	torts 41:21,21	28:15 37:14	54:18
<b>Supreme</b> 1:1,14	59:4	touch 57:20	53:6	violators 7:24
sure 10:15 48:14	thing 7:4 12:16	traded 25:13,16	<b>United</b> 1:1,14,23	<b>vote</b> 50:6
49:25 52:3	15:11 16:12	trading 28:7	2:8 47:23 55:4	<b>voted</b> 50:3
swell 35:6	25:14,24 26:16	traditional 26:9	unleashed 30:12	**7
	32:8,11 34:4,7	transaction 4:6	unrelated 15:22	<u>W</u>
T	38:3 42:6	15:23 17:18	15:22	wait 55:21
<b>T</b> 2:1,1	44:23 45:25	19:2,3 27:14	<b>upped</b> 33:15	want 14:21 19:2
				19:4 20:21
	•	•	•	

41:16 43:21 45:5,5 47:16 48:13 wanted 26:18 33:1 36:8 58:15 wash 44:4 51:13 52:6 Washington 1:10,22 wasn't 4:15 14:13 22:1 55:23 way 7:11,17 8:15 15:23,23 17:19,21,23,23 18:16 33:21 47:4 51:8 ways 15:19 went 8:8 33:25 went 8:8 33:25 went 8:8 33:25 went 8:3 3:25 Were 32:15 41:6 41:7 12:18 14:5 10b-5 31:2 5:10 33:8,8 49:15 We're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 47:4 41:8 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 57:21 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 57:21 we're 32:15 41:6 43:19,19 words 21:5 words 21:1 40:23 words 21:5 words 22:5 words 30:12 words 21:5 words 30:12 words 21:5 words 30:12 words 21:5 words 30:12 words 30:16  15:18 45:17 27:6,17 29:8 36:3 40:12 2006:111 12:22,7 17:26,17 29:8 36:3 40:12 33:6,140:12 2006:20 41:17 45:13 32:4 33:4 33:14 33:24 33:4 33:4 33:4 33:4 33:4 33:4 33				
45:5,5 47:16 48:13 wanted 26:18 33:1 36:8 58:15 wash 44:4 51:13 52:6 Washington 1:10.22 wasn t 4:15 14:13 22:1 55:23 way 7:11,17 8:15 15:23.23 17:19,21,23,23 18:16 33:21 34:25 35:1 47:4 51:8 ways 15:19 went 8:8 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8,8 49:15 We'l' 33:8 we're 25:2 38:15 41:7 We'l' 33:8 we're 25:2 38:15 41:7 We'l' 32:15 41:6 41:7 we're 25:2 38:15 47:4 51:8 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we're 32:16 41:6 42:2 43:10 45:19 53:7 59:9,10,14,14 2002 6:20 41:17 45:19 30:6-43 1:6 3:4 2007 1:11 218 13:2 33:4 32:4 32:4 32:4 32:4 32:4 32:4 3	41:16 43:21	writing 57:19	2	
48:13 wanted 26:18 33:136:8 58:15 wash 44:4 51:13 52:6 Washington 1:10,22		0		
wanted 26:18       33:1 36:8       X       13:2 26:17       27:6,17 29:8         S8:15       wash 44:4 51:13       Y       York 1:17       27:6,17 29:8       36:3 40:12       42:22 43:10         Washington       York 1:17       York 1:17       2002 6:20 41:17       45:19 53:7       59:9,10,14,14         Sits 15:23,23       33:6,15       33:6,15       2002 6:20 41:17       45:13       2007 1:11	, and the second			
33:1 36:8     58:15     wash 44:4 51:13     52:6     Washington     1:10,22     way 7:11,17     8:15 15:23,23     17:19,21,23,23     18:16 33:21     34:25 35:1     47:4 51:8     ways 15:19     went 8: 83:25     weren't 7:17     12:18 14:5     wel 8: 83:25     weren't 7:17     12:18 14:5     we're 25:2 38:15     We're 32:15 41:6     41:7     we've 25:2 38:15     43:19,19     Wharf 6:20     wholly 4:7,8     57:21     wife 20:22     willingness 10:6     wish 13:20     words 21:5     words 22:5     words 23:5     words 24:5     words 25:5     words 25:5     words 26:26    w				
58:15     wash 44:4 51:13       52:6     Washington       1:10.22     \$       wasn't 4:15     \$1758:10       14:13 22:1     \$1758:10       55:23     \$1758:10       way 7:11,17     \$20 14:16 32:5       8:15 15:23,23     0       17:19,21,23,23     18:16 33:21       34:25 35:1     1       47:4 51:8     33:6,15       ways 15:19     0       went 8:8 33:25     0       weren't 7:17     10b 5:11       12:18 14:5     33:8,8 49:15       we'l 8:3:15 41:6     6:22 8:5 12:5       43:19,19     10b.5 3:12 5:10       43:19,19     9       Wharf 6:20     24:11 27:3       world 20:11     40:23       works 4:10     10-5 48:16,20       works 4:10     10-5 48:16,20       world 20:11     40:23       world 20:11     40:23       world 21:3     184:2:5 59:11       35:10 59:4     1984 53:13		X		
wash 44:4 51:13       Y         Washington       Y         1:10,22       \$         wasn't 4:15       14:13 22:1         15:22       \$         way 7:11,17       8:15 15:23,23       33:6,15       2007 1:11         8:15 15:23,23       0       0         17:19,21,23,23       18:16 33:21       3       26:26         34:25 35:1       1       1st 32:20       303 39:10,20         ways 15:19       0       40:12 45:14,20       303 39:10,20         went 8:8 33:25       10a 56:5,11 57:9       10b 5:11       10b 5:11       31st 32:17       375:4         We'll 3:3       38:8 49:15       35:24 36:15       37:19 40:11       375:4       43:19,19         Wharf 6:20       Wholly 4:7,8       35:21       40:5       41:27       41:25       41:25         world 20:21       40:12       30:16 31:1,17       42:24 48:3,8       49:4       40:57:4       41a 56:3       47:29       57:212       57:212       57:212       57:212       9       9       9:111 59:11       9       9:111 59:11       9       9:111 59:11       9         world 20:11       40:23       42:26       13:45:21       17:26       42:26       18:42:55:11		<b>x</b> 1:2,9		
52:6 Washington         1:10,22         wasn't 4:15         14:13 22:1       \$         55:23       \$175:8:10         way 7:11,17       8:15 15:23,23         17:19,21,23,23       18:16 33:21         34:25 35:1       1         47:4 51:8       1         ways 15:19       1         wert 8:8 33:25       0         wert 8:8 33:25       1         wert 8:8 33:25       1         wert 8:8 33:25       100:5:11         we'l 13:3       10b-5:11         we're 25:2 38:15       6:22 8:5 12:5         35:24 36:15       37:19 40:11         43:19,19       41:3:24         we're 25:2 38:15       40:5         willingness 10:6       49:4         willingness 10:6       49:4         willingness 10:6       49:4         willingness 25:6:20       100:15 3:2         work 32:8 56:20       100:15 3:2         work 32:8 56:20       100:15 3:2         work 32:8 56:20       100:15 3:2         work 32:15       11:00 1:15 3:2         1:00 1:15 3:2       1:00 1:15 3:2         1:00 1:15 3:2       1:00 1:15 3:2 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>				
Washington         1:10,22       \$         wasn't4:15       14:13 22:1         14:13 22:1       \$         55:23       \$20 14:16 32:5         way 7:11,17       33:6,15         8:15 15:23,23       1         17:19,21,23,23       18:16 33:21         147:4 51:8       1         ways 15:19       1         went 8:8 33:25       1         wert 8:8 33:25       100 19:14         went 8:8 33:25       10b 5:11         well 3:3       10b 5:11         12:18 14:5       33:8,8 49:15         We'l' 13:3       6:22 8:5 12:5         33:8,8 49:15       6:22 8:5 12:5         33:10:19 40:11       41:24         41:7       37:7:4         we've 25:2 38:15       43:19:19         44:17       43:19:19         we've 25:2 38:15       43:19:19         40:5       30:16 31:1,17         42:2 48:3,8       49:4         10(b) prohibits       21:14         10(b) 22:2       13:45:21         world 20:11       40:5         40:23       13:23         world 20:11       40:5         40:23       194:23				
1:10,22	Washington	York 1:17		
wasn't 4:15       14:13 22:1       5       45:13       45:13       45:13       45:13       45:13       2007 1:11       45:13       2007 1:11       218 13:23       2007 1:11       218 13:23       25:7:3       26:26	O	Φ		
14:13 22:1 55:23 way 7:11,17 8:15 15:23,23 17:19,21,23,23 18:16 33:21 34:25 35:1 47:4 51:8 ways 15:19 went 8:8 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8,8 49:15 We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:0 words 20:11 40:23 world 20:11 40:23 world 20:11 40:23 world 59:4  188 49:3 17 88:10 33:6,15 33:6,15 0 06-43 1:6 3:4 11 218 13:23 226 2:6  3 3 2:4 40:12 45:14,20 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 40:11 45:23 44 413:24 40 57:4 413:24 40 57:4 413:25 57:2:12 57:2:12 57:2:12  57:2:12	· ·			
55:23 way 7:11,17 8:15 15:23,23 17:19,21,23,23 18:16 33:21 34:25 35:1 47:4 51:8 ways 15:19 went 8:8 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8,8 49:15 We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 22:8 56:20 works 4:10 words 21:5 words 22:8 56:20 works 4:10 word 20:11 40:23 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4  33:6,15 0 0 6-43 1:6 3:4  1 1st 32:20 109:14 109:14 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 140:12 45:14		•		
way 7:11,17       3:15 15:23,23       3         17:19,21,23,23       0       25 57:3         18:16 33:21       3       26 26:6         34:25 35:1       1       3         47:4 51:8       18 32:20       33 39:10,20         ways 15:19       100 5:11       100 5:11       308 51:23         12:18 14:5       35:24 36:15       37:19 40:11       37 57:4         33:8,8 49:15       37:19 40:11       37 57:4         We'lra 32:15 41:6       41:7       37:19 40:11       43:24         41:7       43:19,19       10(b) 3:11 6:4       47:10,18,24       413:24         40:19 word 6:20       40:14 47:29       413:56:3       47 2:9         willingness 10:6 wish 13:20       40:4       10(b) prohibits       57:21       40:4       40:5       57:212         word 39:25 40:3 40:5       40:5       40:4       100:53:13 3:2       57:212       57:212       57:212         word 39:25 40:3 40:5       40:5       40:4       11:53:2       9       9         word 32:8 56:20       109 13:23       11:00:115 3:2       9       9         word 20:11 40:23       40:23       40:25       17 42:6       18 42:5 59:11       18 (a) 42:3       9 <t< th=""><th>55:23</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	55:23			
8:15 15:23,23 17:19,21,23,23 18:16 33:21 47:4 51:8 ways 15:19 went 8:8 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8.8 49:15 We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 word 12:13 53:10 59:4  8 26 2:6  3 3 32:4 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 308 51:23 31st 32:17 37 57:4  37 57:4  4 4 4 3:19,19 37 57:4  4 4 4 3:19,19 4 5 7:10,18,24 4 40 57:4 4 41 3:6:3 4 47 2:9  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  6 6 6 6 32:16  9 9 9 1:11 59:11  1 14 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11  1 15 9:11		33:6,15		
17:19,21,23,23 18:16 33:21 34:25 35:1 47:4 51:8 ways 15:19 wert 8:8 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8,8 49:15 We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 wholly 4:7,8 stylingness 10:6 wish 13:20 word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4  1  1 13 32:4 33 32:4 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 308 51:23 31st 32:17 37 57:4  413:24 40 57:4 41a 56:3 47 2:9  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  9 9 9 1:11 59:11  18 (a) 42:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13		0		
18:16 33:21 34:25 35:1 47:4 51:8 ways 15:19 wer 88: 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8,8 49:15 We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 words 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:0 world 20:11 40:23 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4   1 Ist 32:20 I0 19:14 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 308 51:23 31st 32:17 37 57:4  413:24 413:24 413:24 413:24 413:24 413:25:3 47 2:9  57 2:12  5	· ·		20 2.0	
34:25 35:1 47:4 51:8 ways 15:19 weth 8:8 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8,8 49:15 We'l 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 words 32:5 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 21:5 words 22:3 words 21:5 words 20:11 40:23 wordtless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4   32:4 303 39:10,20 40:12 45:14,20 308 51:23 31st 32:17 37 57:4  37 57:4  44 13:24 40 57:4 41 36:3  41 36:3 31st 32:17 37 57:4  41 3:24 41 3:24 41 3:24 41 3:24 41 3:29  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  59 11:10 1:15 3:2  11:00 1:15 3:2 11:00 1:15 3:2 11:00 1:15 3:2 11:00 1:15 3:2 11:00 1:25 7:4 18(a) 42:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13		<b>00-43</b> 1:0 3:4	3	
47:4 51:8 ways 15:19 wert 8:8 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8,8 49:15 We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 10 19:14 10a 56:5,11 57:9 10b 5:11 10b-5 3:12 5:10 308 51:23 31st 32:17 37 57:4  413:24 40 57:4 413:24 40 57:4 41 40 56:3 47 2:9  10 19:14 10 2 45:14,20 40:12 45:14,20 308 51:23 31st 32:17 37 57:4  413:24 40 57:4 41 40 56:3 47 2:9  10 19:14 40 2:3 40 5 3:12 5  4 4 13:24 40 57:4 41 40 56:3 47 2:9  57 2:12		1	32:4	
ways 15:19 went 8:8 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8,8 49:15 We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 wholly 4:7,8 soft willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 sords 20:5  10 19:14 40:12 45:14,20 308 51:23 31st 32:17 37 57:4  413:24 40 57:4 41a 56:3 47 2:9  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  57 2:12  11 1 1 59:11  11 1 59:11  11 1 59:11				
went 8:8 33:25 weren't 7:17 12:18 14:5 33:8,8 49:15 We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 wholly 4:7,8 sondering 49:9 word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 works 4:10 words 21:5 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worthless 30:12 worthless 30:12 worthless 30:12 sits 32:17 37:57:4  413:24 440:57:4 41a:56:3 47:2:9  57:2:12  57:2:12  57:2:12  57:10  10b 5:11 10b-5 3:12 5:10 6:22 8:5 12:5 37:79:4  413:24 40:57:4 41a:56:3 47:2:9  57:2:12  57:2:12  57:2:12  57:11  10b-5-48:16,20 109:13:23 11:00:1:15:3:2 12:00:59:20 13:45:21 17:42:6 18:42:5:59:11 18(a):42:3 1971:6:25:7:4 1984:53:13			· /	
weren't 7:17       12:18 14:5       33:8,8 49:15       10b 5:11       37 57:4         We'll 3:3       we're 32:15 41:6       6:22 8:5 12:5       35:24 36:15       4       41:32:24       4       41:32:24       4       41:32:24       4       41:32:24       40 57:4       41 a 56:3       47 2:9         We've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19       10(b) 3:11 6:4       7:10,18,24       41 a 56:3       47 2:9         Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21       24:11 27:3       30:16 31:1,17       42:2 48:3,8       49:4       49:4       57:212       57 2:12       57 2:12       57 2:12       57 2:12       57 2:12       57 2:12       9       91:11 59:11       9       91:11 59:11       9         words 21:5 words 21:5 words 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 wordhless 30:12 worlhess 30:12 worlhess 30:12 worlhess 30:12 worldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4       18(a) 42:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13       1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13       1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13	•			
12:18 14:5				
33:8,8 49:15 We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 words 21:5 words 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worthless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4  6:22 8:5 12:5 35:24 36:15 37:19 40:11 53:9 10(b) 3:11 6:4 7:10,18,24 21:3,14 22:2 24:11 27:3 30:16 31:1,17 42:2 48:3,8 49:4 10(b)prohibits 21:14 10-b-5 48:16,20 109 13:23 11:00 1:15 3:2 12:00 59:20 13 45:21 17 42:6 18 42:5 59:11 18(a) 42:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13	12:18 14:5			
We'll 3:3 we're 32:15 41:6 41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 wholly 3:14 22:2 48:3,8 49:4 10(b) prohibits 21:14 10-b-5 48:16,20 109 13:23 words 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 wordhless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4  35:24 36:15 37:19 40:11 53:9  10(b) 3:11 6:4 41a 56:3 47 2:9  57 57 2:12  57 57 2:12  6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 9 9 1:11 59:11	33:8,8 49:15			
we're 32:15 41:6 41:7       37:19 40:11 53:9       413:24 40 57:4         we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19       10(b) 3:11 6:4 7:10,18,24 21:3,14 22:2 24:11 27:3 30:16 31:1,17 42:2 48:3,8 49:4       41a 56:3 47 2:9         wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 wondering 49:9 word 39:25 40:3 40:5       49:4 10(b)prohibits 21:14 10-b-5 48:16,20 109 13:23 11:00 1:15 3:2 12:00 59:20       6 6 32:16         works 21:5 works 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 wordhless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4       17 42:6 18 42:5 59:11 18(a) 42:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13       9 9 1:11 59:11	<b>We'll</b> 3:3		4	
41:7 we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19 Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worldn't 21:3 53:9 10(b) 3:11 6:4 7:10,18,24 21:3,14 22:2 24:11 27:3 30:16 31:1,17 42:2 48:3,8 49:4 10(b) prohibits 21:14 10-b-5 48:16,20 109 13:23 11:00 1:15 3:2 12:00 59:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4  40 57:4 41a 56:3 47 2:9  57 2:12   6 6 6 32:16  9 9 9 1:11 59:11	we're 32:15 41:6		<b>4</b> 13:24	
we've 25:2 38:15 43:19,19       10(b) 3:11 6:4 7:10,18,24       41a 56:3 47 2:9         Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 wondering 49:9 word 39:25 40:3 40:5       24:11 27:3 30:16 31:1,17 42:2 48:3,8 49:4 10(b)prohibits 21:14       5 57 2:12         word 39:25 40:3 40:5 works 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worthless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4       10(b) 3:11 6:4 7:10,18,24 42:2 42:2 48:3,8 49:4 10(b)prohibits 21:14 10-b-5 48:16,20 109 13:23 11:00 1:15 3:2 12:00 59:20 13 45:21 17 42:6 18(a) 42:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13	41:7		<b>40</b> 57:4	
43:19,19       7:10,18,24       47 2:9         Wharf 6:20       21:3,14 22:2       5         wholly 4:7,8       30:16 31:1,17       57 2:12         sife 20:22       42:2 48:3,8       49:4         willingness 10:6       49:4       10(b)prohibits         wish 13:20       21:14       9         word 39:25 40:3       10-b-5 48:16,20       9         40:5       109 13:23       11:00 1:15 3:2         works 21:5       13 45:21       17 42:6         world 20:11       13 45:21       17 42:6         40:23       18 42:5 59:11       18(a) 42:3         worlhess 30:12       1971 6:25 7:4       1984 53:13	we've 25:2 38:15		<b>41a</b> 56:3	
Wharf 6:20 wholly 4:7,8 57:21 30:16 31:1,17 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worthless 30:12 worthless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4  21:3,14 22:2 24:11 27:3 30:16 31:1,17 42:2 48:3,8 49:4 10(b)prohibits 21:14 9 9 9 1:11 59:11	43:19,19	` ′	<b>47</b> 2:9	
wholly 4:7,8 57:21 wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worthless 30:12 worthless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 572:12  572:12  6 6 632:16  9 9 1:11 59:11	<b>Wharf</b> 6:20			
57:21     30:16 31:1,17       wife 20:22     42:2 48:3,8       willingness 10:6     49:4       wish 13:20     10(b)prohibits       word 39:25 40:3     21:14       40:5     10-b-5 48:16,20       works 21:5     109 13:23       work 32:8 56:20     11:00 1:15 3:2       works 4:10     13 45:21       world 20:11     17 42:6       40:23     18 42:5 59:11       worthless 30:12     18(a) 42:3       wouldn't 21:3     1971 6:25 7:4       53:10 59:4     1984 53:13	<b>wholly</b> 4:7,8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
wife 20:22 willingness 10:6 wish 13:20 word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worthless 30:12 worthless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4  42:2 48:3,8 49:4 10(b)prohibits 21:14  9 9 9 1:11 59:11  9 9 1:11 59:11  17 42:6 18 42:5 59:11 18(a) 42:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13	57:21		<b>57</b> 2:12	
willingness 10:6       49:4         wish 13:20       49:4         wondering 49:9       10(b)prohibits         word 39:25 40:3       10-b-5 48:16,20         40:5       109 13:23         words 21:5       11:00 1:15 3:2         work 32:8 56:20       12:00 59:20         works 4:10       13 45:21         world 20:11       17 42:6         40:23       18 42:5 59:11         worthless 30:12       18(a) 42:3         wouldn't 21:3       1971 6:25 7:4         53:10 59:4       1984 53:13	wife 20:22		6	
wondering 49:9 word 39:25 40:3 40:5  words 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worthless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4  10(b)prohibits 21:14 9 9 91:11 59:11  9 91:11 59:11	willingness 10:6	,		
wondering 49:9       21:14         word 39:25 40:3       10-b-5 48:16,20         40:5       109 13:23         works 21:5       11:00 1:15 3:2         works 4:10       13 45:21         world 20:11       17 42:6         40:23       18 42:5 59:11         worthless 30:12       18(a) 42:3         wouldn't 21:3       1971 6:25 7:4         53:10 59:4       1984 53:13	wish 13:20	10(b)prohibits	0 32:10	
word 39:25 40:3 40:5 words 21:5 work 32:8 56:20 works 4:10 world 20:11 40:23 worthless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4 10-b-5 48:16,20 109 13:23 11:00 1:15 3:2 12:00 59:20 13 45:21 17 42:6 18 42:5 59:11 18(a) 42:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13		· · · ·	9	
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works 4:10       13 45:21         world 20:11       17 42:6         40:23       18 42:5 59:11         worthless 30:12       18(a) 42:3         wouldn't 21:3       1971 6:25 7:4         53:10 59:4       1984 53:13		<b>11:00</b> 1:15 3:2		
world 20:11		<b>12:00</b> 59:20		
40:23 worthless 30:12 wouldn't 21:3 53:10 59:4  17 42:0 18 42:5 59:11 18(a) 42:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13		<b>13</b> 45:21		
worthless 30:12		<b>17</b> 42:6		
wouldn't 21:3 1971 6:25 7:4 1984 53:13		<b>18</b> 42:5 59:11		
53:10 59:4 <b>1984</b> 53:13		<b>18(a)</b> 42:3		
170133.13		<b>1971</b> 6:25 7:4		
writes 38:4   1995 45:12				
	writes 38:4	<b>1995</b> 45:12		